ATTACHMENT PANEL THERMOSTAT KNX-113-35-IN



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1. SUMMARY

Thermostat is a device to control indoor temperature. It adjusts the room temperature and relative humidity according to the measured temperature and relative humidity, generally implemented by controlling indoor temperature controller and fan coil actuator on the bus. Thermostat closely bound up with our living environment. For example, in an air-conditioned room, people would feel comfortable only the room temperature and relative humidity is under in a certain range. Then we can monitor the current actual indoor temperature, relative humidity through the panel, if it is beyond control, the Thermostat will send a signal to adjust the indoor temperature and humidity by air condition. It is also widely applied in other industries, such as food industry, temperature and humidity are essential, greenhouse and other humidity-related industries. User can adjust the indoor temperature according to their needs by capacitive touch buttons. LCD screen displays the status of the current temperature control.

This user manual provides specific technical information including installation and programming details, and explains how to use the binary input by the application examples.

2. PROJECT DESIGN AND APPLICATION

2.1. SUMMARY

Application program	Max. number	Max. number	Max. number
	of communication	of group	of association
	objects	addresses	addresses
Thermostat	108	180	180

Thermostat mainly send output control value to fan coil actuator through collecting temperature and setting temperature , so as to realize the effect of indoor constant temperature. Thermostat can also carry out fan speed adjustment, room mode switching and timing Settings by KNX manual operation, and so on. Thermostat also provide 3 binary inputs which can be used to switch, dimming, curtains and scene control.

2.2. THE EXTERNAL AND INTERNAL TEMPERATURE SENSOR

Thermostat can provide three temperature collecting ways, **1** from temperature sensor in Thermostat, **2** from bus to receive external temperature, **3** from external NTC thermistors.

2.3. BASIC HEATING COOLING AND ADDITIONAL HEATING COOLING CONTROL FUNCTIONS

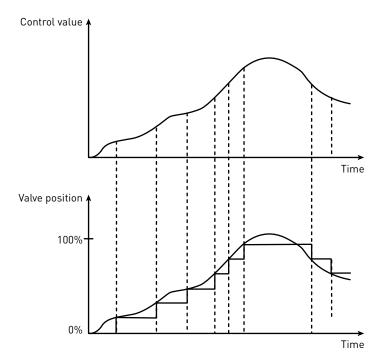
Thermostat has the basic heating refrigeration output control function according to the temperature set by the user, in addition to basic heating refrigeration control function, there is additional heating refrigeration control function as a supplement to the temperature control. When the actual temperature and set temperature have a large deviation, additional heating refrigeration control function can let a room faster heating or cooling.

2.4. THE TEMPERATURE CONTROL

Thermostat use relative adjustment in all kinds of temperature setting values of work mode .At the same time ,it also provide a variety of types of controls, such as continuous PI control, switch mode PI control, 2 - point control and fan coil control, different types of control is suitable for different types of temperature controller.

Continuous control

Continuous control's control values is calculated by the actual temperature and set temperature, and then control the opening of continuous valve, attain the confortable room temperature state. For example, when the current control values is 50% of the largest, the valve position will open to 50% according to the control values; If the output control values is the maximum, the valve is fully open. Continuous control can realize the "on", "off" and "stop" three-step operations, specific action is shown in the figure below:

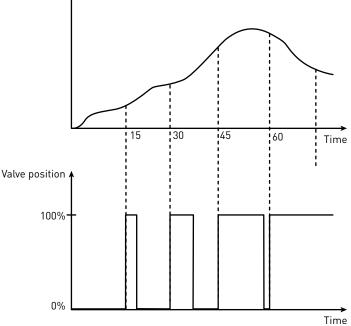


Continuous control can realize the most precise temperature adjustment without quite big overshoot. At the same time, the frequency of the positioning valve actuator can maintain at a low level. Continuous control can also control the rise and fall valve of the fan coil or KNX valve actuator.

PWM control

PWM (pulse width modulation) control's values is calculated according to the actual temperature and set temperature, and then calculate the on and off time of the switch value to control it, to achieve a comfortable room temperature state. Switch value only has "open" and "full close" two control operations. PWM control needs to set a fixed cycle time at first, such as setting the PWM cycle for 15 minutes, when the control values is 20% of the maximum, the valve will open 15*20% = 3 minutes; Close 15*80% = 12 minutes; When the control values is 50% of the maximum, the valve will open 15*50% = 7.5 minutes; Close 15*50% = 7.5 minutes.

Control value 🛉



PWM control is a relatively accurate adjustment, if you choose the appropriate cycle, the temperature overshoot will not be very big, a simple low cost common switch valve actuator can be used .It can be used to control ordinary switch valve of the fan coil, electric valve or KNX valve driver.





2.5. THRESHOLD FUNCTION

Temperature and humidity each provides two threshold functions, the Thermostat, based on threshold range of the current temperature and humidity, triggers two different types (1bit/1byte) of data to sent to the bus, which can control other equipment switches or adjust related output of valves.

2.6. LOGICAL FUNCTION

Thermostat provides two logic functions, each has three inputs, each input can be arbitrarily set, it can be the message (1bit) sent by the temperature threshold, or the message (1bit) sent by the humidity threshold, or the message received from the bus, also it can be obtained by getting the opposite message to participate in the logic operation, the message (1bit/1byte) will be output according to the result, triggering the switch of other equipment, or to adjust output of valves.

2.7. DISABLE/ENABLE TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY CONTROL FUNCTION, THE THRESHOLD VALUE AND THE LOGICAL FUNCTION

The temperature and humidity control functions can be prohibited or enabled by bus, when the temperature/humidity function is banned, the Thermostat will not be able to send the control values. The threshold value and the logical function can also be banned or enabled by bus, when the threshold function is banned, the Thermostat will not determine the current threshold values range of temperature and humidity and will not control it; When logic functions are banned, the logic operation from Thermostat will be disrupted as well as the control of this function.

2.8. TIMING FUNCTION

Thermostat offers 16 timing time, so users can set the timing time regularly according to their using habits, which automatically adjust the working mode and send the appropriate value. When arrived at timing time, it can automatically switch to the corresponding working mode and the corresponding numerical values.

2.9. BINARY INPUT AND TEMPERATURE SENSOR INPUT

Thermostat offers binary input and three roads, which is used to switch, dimming, curtains and scene controls. One way is externally connected to temperature sensor input, which can be a NTC thermistor as an external temperature sensor, or as a floor heating temperature limiter, stops heating when floor heating is higher than the limited temperature heating.

3. PARAMETER SETTING DESCRIPTION IN THE ETS

3.1. OVERVIEW

Thermostat can be set at different control modes according to users' needs; here we introduce the database settings of Thermostat below.

3.2. PARAMETER SETTINGS WINDOW "GENERAL"

"General" parameter Setting interface as shown in figure 3.2, the interface are mainly some of the general Thermostat parameter Settings, such as the choice of heating and refrigeration control functions by temperature control, LCD backlight brightness parameter setting, and so on.

1.1.1 Thermostat			
General Settings Measurement Settings	6	eneral Settings	
Heating/cooling setpoint Heating control	Send "In operation" object	no	~
Fan Coil Heating Cooling control	Temperature display	Celsius(C)	~
Fan Coil Cooling Fan Coil General	Backlight in no operation in day (%)	60	\$
Threshold value Logic	Backlight in operation in day (%)	100	*
Timer Page 1 Timer Page 2	Backlight in no operation at night (%)	50	\$
Pushbutton Interface	Backlight in operation at night (%)	90	\$
	Time of backlight delay(s)	5	\$
	Switch day/night mode automatically	no	~
	Time mode	24H	*
	Send current time	Do not send	~
	Warning tone	disable	~
	Control device	HVAC	~
	Controller action when display off	Protect mode	~
	Temperature control system	heating and cooling	~
	Heating and cooling share object	no	~
	OK	Cancel Default Info	Help

Figure 3.2"General settings "Parameter Settings interface

Parameter "Send 'In operation' object"

Options: No Send value "0" cyclically Send value "1" cyclically

These parameter set the Thermostat cycle and send a message "1" or "0" to the bus, which shows that the panel is working well. If fail, it will stop sending the message "1" or "0". Options for "No", do not send; Options for the value '0' cyclically "send" or "send the value '1' cyclically", Thermostat will send a message "0" or "1" according to the set period of time, so the object "in operation" and "Transmission period of" in operation "object" parameter will be visible.

Parameter "Transmission period of "In operation" object"

is:	5s 10s
	 2h

Optior

This parameter is the communication object sending period for testing whether Thermostat is normal or not, and mainly being sent to the bus circularly to tell whether Thermostat is normal or not through object "in operation".

Parameter "Temperature display"

Options:	Celsius (C)
	Fahrenheit (F)

Here setting the LCD panel temperature display unit. Choose "Celsius (C)"the temperature will be displayed in Celsius; Choose "Fahrenheit (F)" the temperature will be displayed in Fahrenheit.

Parameter "Backlight in no operation in day (%)" Parameter "Backlight in operation in day (%)" Parameter "Backlight in no operation in night (%)" Parameter "Backlight in operation in night (%)"

Options: 0...100%

This parameter is mainly used to set up the LCD panel backlight brightness in the daytime or at night under the condition of operation and non-operation. The user can set the day or night through the bus, also can identify the day or night by time points.





Parameter "Time of backlight delay(s)"

Options: 5...50 s

This parameter is mainly used for setting the backlight value from operating status to non-operation status. Namely when nobody operates screen, delaying the parameter time, entering the screen backlight without operation.

Parameter "Switch day/night mode automatically"

Options: no ves

Set the mode automatically switches about whether to activate the day/night backlight brightness.

If you choose "no", conduct day or night light switch through the communication objects-"Day/night mode"; If you choose "yes", setting up automatic switching by setting the time moment.

Parameter "Time for switching to night at: hour (0 ... 23) / minute (0 ... 59)"

Set the time that LCD backlight brightness switches to night backlight. For example, once setting to 18:00 that means the backlight brightness of the LCD screen automatically switches to night mode when the time is 18:00 pm.

Parameter "Time for switching to day at: hour (0 ... 23) / minute (0 ... 59)"

Set the time that LCD backlight brightness of the backlight switch to daylight. For example, once setting to 6:00, that means LCD backlight brightness automatically switched to day mode when the time is 6:00.

Parameter "Time mode"

Options:	24H
	AM / PM

This parameter set show the mode of time display. "24H" indicates the time on the Thermostat display system for 24 hours; "AM/PM", means the time display system in Thermostat for 12-hour.

Parameters "Send current time"

Options:

Do not send
1s
30s
1min
30min
1h

This parameter set sends the current time on the bus, "Do not send" means don't send time to the bus; "1s" means sending the time to the bus per second; "30s" means sending time to the bus on 30s, such as 9:10:30, 9:11:30, 9:12:30; "1min" means sending the time to the bus per on minute point, such as 9:11:00, 9:12:00, 9:13:00; "30min" means sending the time to the bus on 30 minutes, such as 9:30:00, 10:30:00, 11:30:00; "1h" means sending the time to the bus per on hour point, such as 9:00:00, 10:00:00, 11:00:00.

Parameters "Warning tone"

Options: disable

enable

The parameters mainly are set in the Thermostat keys about whether to open the tone. "Disable" is not enabled tone, "enable" to enable beep.

Parameter "Control device"

Options:

Options: HVAC

air condition

This parameter is used to select the type of heating and cooling systems. "HVAC" means the fan coil system, controlling the temperature by controlling fan coil actuator; "air condition" means home air conditioning system, adjusting household air temperature by controlling the infrared device.

Parameter "Temperature control system"

Cooling
Heating
Heating and Cooling
Basic and additional cooling
Basic and additional heating
Basic and additional Heating and Cooling

This parameter is used to set the temperature control feature, you can select the basic heating and cooling can also choose the basic heating and cooling plus auxiliary heating and cooling. Select "cooling/heating", enabling cooling/ heating function, or both enabled, when selecting its options, the corresponding settings interface "heating/cooling setpoint" and "heating/cooling control" visible in the interface can be set with the corresponding parameters.

Parameter "Control action when display off"

Options: All off Protect mode

This parameter is a command need to be send when the display off. "All off" means the command of sending off the fan and coil instructions when the screen being turned off; "Protect mode" means the command of the room mode transfer to protected mode when the screen being turned off.

Parameters "Heating and cooling share object"

Options: yes

This parameter is visible when choosing "Heating and Cooling" or "Basic and additional Heating and Cooling" in temperature control function, this parameter is used to select whether the heating and cooling control value share a communication object to accommodate two or four control system controls.

3.3. PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE "MEASUREMENT SETTINGS"

"Measurement Settings" parameter setting interface as shown in Figure 3.3, where the main set some general parameters to measure temperature and humidity.

General Settings	Measurement Settings		
seneta storigi Treshold value ogic "urbbutton inlerface Az Condition	Temperature sensor Internal temperature correction in 0.10-64sus Send temperature at variation of (Celsus) Period of sending temperature Enable display outdoor temperature Indoor and outdoor temperature Send tell humidity of variation of (2)	internal sensor 0 0.3 2 min enable 10 1	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
	Period of sending humidity	2 min	į

Figure 3.3 "Measurement Settings" parameter setting interface

Parameter "Temperature sensor"

Options: internal sensor external sensor internal sensor and external sensor

This parameter defines the type of temperature sensor.

If selecting "internal sensor", the temperature measured by the temperature sensor panel, will be read or send to the bus by the "Actual temperature", so that controller will control according to the temperature; If selecting "external sensor", the temperature will be measured by an external temperature sensor, Thermostat receives the temperature send from the bus temperature sensor by "Input external temperature", Thermostat will control according to this temperature. When you select this option, after power-up, the panel began to control the temperature. only when the Thermostat received the temperature from an external sensor.

Once selecting "internal sensor and external sensor", the local sensor and external temperature sensor will be used simultaneously, this sets suit for a large area to temperature control, such as a lobby, where using many sensors at the same time, temperature sensors B get the temperature from sensor A, then get the proportion of the sum itself, and then it will control the temperature based on the results of summation, or transmits the result to the summitself sensor C, or give the sum to sensor C which will control temperature after receives the temperature and got the proportion of the sum itself too. The proportion of the sum results of multiple temperature sensors is set through the "Actual temperature", the temperature send from the external temperature sensor is received by "Input external temperature".

Parameters "Internal/External temperature correction

Options: -128 ... 127 (value*0.1)

It sets the temperature correction, which can correct the temperature detected by internal/external sensors to prevent too much error between the actual temperature and the measured one. For example, if the amendment data is 50, the temperature detected by sensor is 20 °C, so the temperature corrected is $20 + 50^{\circ}0.1 = 25^{\circ}C$.





Parameters "Weighting interior / exterior"

Options: 0% / 100% 10% / 90%

100%/0%

This parameter is visible when selecting "Internal and External sensor" in the sensor type, it can set the proportion between the measured temperature of Thermostat sensor and an external sensor. For example, the option is "40%/ 60%", so, the panel temperature sensor [A] occupies 40%, an external sensor [B] occupies 60%, temperature control = (the temperature \times 40% A] + (the temperature of B × 60%). Thermostat will control temperature according to the calculated temperature control which send by the "Actual temperature". This is the proportion summing process.

Parameters "Send temperature at variation of (°C)"

Options:	Do not send 0.1 0.2
	 3

This parameter define "Actual temperature" can send the current temperature to the bus when a certain amount of temperature change.

If the option is "Do not send", the temperature only be sent to the bus through the "Actual temperature", because the temperature measurement value is not automatically transmitted to the bus.

If an option is "3", the "Actual temperature" can send the current temperature to the bus when the temperature reached changes at least 3 $^{\circ}$ C,

Parameter "Monitoring time of external sensor in min (0 = inactive)"

Options: 0 ... 255 min

This parameter will be visible when choosing "external sensor" or "internal and external sensor" about sensor type, to set monitoring time of the thermostat panel to external temperature sensor. If setting the monitoring time to 0, will not be monitoring the external temperature sensor.

Once setting the "external sensor", if the thermostat panel does not receive the temperature send from external temperature sensor within the set monitoring time, Thermostat will consider the external sensor is faulty, will stop controlling and control sending packets of controlling stop.

Once setting the "internal and external sensor", if the thermostat panel does not receive the temperature send by external temperature sensor within the set monitoring time, Thermostat will consider the external sensor is faulty, so that only use the measurement by Thermostat to control.

The monitoring time will be re-timed, when the thermostat panel receives each packet send from the external temperature sensor,

Note: The monitoring time from Thermostat for external temperature sensor should be at least 2 times for the time that the external temperature sensor sending messages for preventing packets missing.

Parameters "Period of sending temperature"

Options:	Do not send
	5s
	10s

2h

This parameter sets the time interval of sensor for sending temperature to the bus loop through "Actual temperature".

Parameters "Indoor and outdoor temperature"

Options: disable enable

The parameter is visible when the "Temperature sensor" selecting "internal sensor and external sensor", which can be used to set whether to alternately display the indoor temperature and outdoor temperature on the display. Outdoor temperature taken from the object 84.

Parameters "Indoor and outdoor temperature switch time (second)"

Options: 0 ... 255 s

The parameter will be visible when the parameter "Indoor and outdoor temperature" selecting "enable", which is used to set the time interval for the internal temperature and external temperature alternately.

Parameters "Humidity correction in %"

Optional: -15 ..15

This parameter defines the correction settings of humidity that sensor measured to prevent much error between the moisture measurement with the actual humidity. For example, setting correction value to 1%, if the humidity measured by the sensor is 40%, then the corrected humidity is 40% + 1% = 41%.

Parameters "Send rel. Humidity at variation of (%)"

Do not send
1
2
20

Options:

This parameter defines to change when humidity change a certain amount, the communication object "rel. Humidity" can send current humidity to the bus. If choosing "do not send", humidity measurements are not automatically sent to the bus, can sent automatically after be read through communication objects "rel. Humidity".

If choosing "3", the communication object "rel humidity" will send to the current temperature on the bus when the humidity changed to 3%.

Parameters "Period of sending humidity"

Options: Do not send

5s 10s
2h

This parameter setting defines the transmission time interval of the thermostat panel cycle send to other devices in the bus through its communication objects "rel. humidity.

3.4. PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE"HEATING/ COOLING SETPOINT"

In the setting of "Temperature control system", parameter's setting content will be different in this page according to your choice from "Cooling", "Heating" or "Heating and Cooling". Temperature can be set here under any work patterns, including relative mode and absolute mode.

ieneral Settings feasurement Settings	н	eating setpoint	
leading settled leading control an Coil Heating an Coil General Triebiod Value opic imer Page 1 imer Page 2 ushbutton Interface	Operating mode after reset Object type for operating mode extrictioner Send selpoint Period of eending HVAC status Selpoint adjustment Basic comfort selpoint at heating in 0.1 Celsius Selpoint discusses for standby mode at heating in 0.1 Celsius Selpoint discusses for sight mode at heating in 0.1 Celsius Selpoint fost protection at heating in 0.1 Celsius	control mode 1 byte on change 5 min relative adjuttment 210 20 40 70	

Figure 3.4.1 Parameter setting interface of "Heating setpoint"

General Settings Measurement Settings		oling setpoint	
Cooling a selbornt Cooling a control Fan Coil General Transford Value Logic Timer Page 1 Timer Page 2 Pushbutton Interface	Operating mode after reset Object type for operating mode switchover Send setpoint Period of sending HVAC and RHCC status Setpoint adjustment Basic comfort setpoint at cooling in 0.1 Cellius Setpoint increase for standard at cooling in 0.1Cellius Setpoint increase for right mode at cooling in 0.1Cellius Setpoint here protection at cooling in 0.1Cellius	comfort mode 1 byte on change 5 min relative adjustment 230 20 40 350	

Figure 3.4.2 Parameter setting interface of "Cooling setpoint"





General Settings Measurement Settings	Heating	/cooling setpoint	
Heating/cooling setpoint Heating/cooling setpoint Heating control Fan Coil Heating	Operating mode after reset	comfort mode	~
Cooling control Fan Coil Cooling	Object type for operating mode switchover	1 byte	~
Fan Coil General Threshold value	Send setpoint	on change	~
Logic Timer Page 1	Switchover between heating and cooling	automatic switchover by dead zone	*
Timer Page 2 Pushbutton Interface	Cyclic transmission of heating/cooling switchover in min (0 = inactive)	0	
-usribuitor milendoe	Automatic transmission heating/cooling switchover	when control option changes	*
	Period of sending HVAC status	5 min	~
	Setpoint adjustment	relative adjustment	~
	Basic comfort setpoint at heating in 0.1Celsius	210	
	Setpoint decrease for standby mode at heating in 0.1 Celsius	20	;
	Setpoint decrease for night mode at heating in 0.1Celsius	40	;
	Setpoint frost protection at heating in 0.1Celsius	70	
	Positive dead zone between heating and cooling in 0.1Celsius	20	
	Setpoint increase for standby mode at cooling in 0.1 Celsius	20	
	Setpoint increase for night mode at cooling in 0.1 Celsius	40	
	Setpoint heat protection at cooling in 0.1Celsius	350	

Figure 3.4.3 Parameter setting interface of "Heating/cooling setpoint"

Parameter "operation mode after reset"

Options: comfort standby night Frost/heat protection

Here we can set the work patterns which is after BUS DEVICE RESET or after programming.

There are 4 work patterns in temperature controller including comfort mode, standby mode, night mode and Frost/Heating protecting mode. Every mode has its corresponding temperature setting. Comfort mode is applied to the daytime when someone at home. Standby mode is applied to the daytime when no one at home for saving the energy. Night mode is applied for the night time when someone at home. Frost/Heating protecting mode is applied for the long time going out in order to prevent the devices from damaging by the highest or lowest temperature.

Parameter "Object type for operating mode switchover"

Options: 1bit

1byte

This Parameter is use for giving a definition of object type when switching mode room's temperature work patterns.

When choosing "1bit", you can find the type of "Active frost/heating protection mode", "Active night mode" and "Active comfort mode". These types can switch the room temperature controller into different work patterns. The work pattern will switch to standby mode when the value of all these three type is "0". Choosing "1bit", the priority of every work patterns are as follows. [Frost/

choosing lot, the priority of every work patterns are as follows. (Frost/ heating protection \rightarrow Comfort \rightarrow night \rightarrow standby):

				1bit switching				
forcing switchover	Window status	Presence object	Comfort	Standby	Night	Frost/ heating protection	Work pattern to be activated	
01	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Comfort	
02	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Standby	
03	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Night	
04	х	х	х	х	Х	х	Frost/heating protection	
00	1	х	х	х	Х	х	Frost/heating protection	
00	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Comfort	
00	0	0	1	0	0	0	Comfort	
00	0	0	0	1	0	0	Standby	
00	0	0	0	0	1	0	Night	
00	0	0	0	0	0	1	Frost/heating protection	

When choosing "1byte", you can find the type of "Temperature operating mode switchover". Under this circumstances, different Room temperature controller can be switched into different work patterns by setting every value of type. Values to the work pattern is as follows. 0 - Automation (comfort mode). 1 - Comfort mode. 2 - Standby mode. 3 - Night mode. 4 - Frost/Heating protecting mode. 5 - Reserved.

forcing switchover	Window status	Presence object	Operating mode switchover	Work pattern to be activated
01	Х	Х	Х	Comfort
02	Х	Х	Х	Standby
03	Х	Х	Х	Night
04	Х	Х	Х	Frost/heating protection
00	1	Х	Х	Frost/heating protection
00	0	1	Х	Comfort
00	0	0	01	Comfort
00	0	0	02	Standby
00	0	0	03	Night
00	Ω	n	04	Frost/beating protection

Parameter "Send setpoint"

Options: do not send

on change cyclically on change and cyclically

In the Parameter of "Send setpoint", the ways of sending the temperature setpoint can be set.

When choosing "do not send", the temperature setpoint won't be sent. It only can be sent to the busafter reading by "setpoint temperature".

When choosing "on change", the temperature setpoint will be sent to the bus after the changing of temperature setpoint.

When choosing "cyclically", the temperature setpoint will be sent to the bus recurrently. Once the temperature setpoint are changed, it will be sent one week later.

When choosing "on change and cyclically", the temperature setpoint will be sent to the bus recurrently. Once the temperature setpoint are changed, it will be sent immediately. Cycling time starts over.

Parameter "Period of sending setpoint"

Options: 5s

10s

2h

Parameter of "Send setpoint" is use for setting the interval of sending a temperature setpoint recurrently from its sensor to bus. The interval setting can be found in choosing "cyclically" or "on change and cyclically" in the Parameter of "Send setpoint".

Parameter "switchover between heating and cooling"

Options: automate switchover by dead zone manual switchover by object

This parameter is use for setting the switching ways of Heating/cooling function. When choosing "automate switchover by dead zone", it will switch to heating/ cooling automatically according to the dead zone. It will switch to the cooling system if the current temperature is warmer than the temperature setpoint under cooling comfort mode. It will switch to the cooling system if the current temperature is lower than the temperature setpoint under heating comfort mode. When Choosing switching heating/cooling automatically in the parameter of "Switchover between heating and cooling", the object of "Heating/ cooling switchover" will send the current status of heating/cooling to the fan coil controller or any other corresponding controllers to warm/cool.

Under the condition of relative adjustment, we can know the temperature setpoint under the cooling comfort mode by setting the parameter in different dead zone. Details are as follows.

Temperature setpoint of the cooling comfort mode = Temperature setpoint of the heating comfort mode + dead zone.

If the values of dead zone is 3 °C, temperature setpoint under the heating comfort mode is 22 °C, that means the temperature setpoint of the cooling comfort mode is 25 °C.

When choosing "manual switchover by object", it means that we can switch the heating or cooling manually by long press the mode key. The object "Heating/ cooling switchover" will send the status to the bus. "1", means heating; "0", means cooling.

Parameter "Automatic transmission heating/cooling switchover"

Options: when control option changes when control value changes

The parameter of "Automatic transmission heating/cooling switchover" can be found if you choose the "automate switchover by dead zone" from the "Switchover between heating and cooling", you'll see two options as follows. "when control option changes" means sending the heating/cooling status if the control function changes. "when control value changes" means sending the heating/cooling status if the control value changes.





Parameter "Cyclic transmission of heating/cooling switchover in min"

Options: 0-255 min

The parameter of "Cyclic transmission of heating/cooling switchover in min" can be found if you choose the "automate switchover by dead zone" from the "Switchover between heating and cooling". This parameter is use for setting the sending time period of heating/cooling status.

Parameter "control option after reset"

Options: cooling heating

control option before reset

The parameter "control option after reset" can be found if you choose the "manual switchover by object" from the "switchover between heating and cooling". This parameter is use for setting the control function after the bus resetting or programming.

When choosing the "control option before reset", After bus power reset, the current control function is referring to the function before the bus off electricity, otherwise, it is referring to the default heating function after programming.

Parameter "Period of sending HVAC status"

Options: do not send 5s 10s

... 2h

Parameter of "Period of sending HVAC status" is use for setting the interval of sending HVAV to the bus recurrently through type of "Output HVAC status". The HVAC status is updated once every 30 seconds.

		Stat	tus of type "Outp	out HVAC stat	us"		
Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Frost warning - 1	Dead zone status	Heating/ Cooling	Temperature control Disable /Enable	Frost/ Heat protection mode	Night mode	Standby mode	Comfort mode

Note-1: Current temperature < 5°C Value of frost warning is "1".

Parameter "Setpoint adjustment"

Options: relative adjustment

absolute adjustment

Parameter of "Setpoint adjustment" is use for setting the adjusting way of the temperature setpoint.

For the option of "relative adjustment", the temperature setpoint is referred to definite comfortable temperature setpoint in every mode except the comfort mode.

For the option of "absolute adjustment", the temperature setpoint of comfort mode, stand by mode, night mode, protecting mode has its independent temperature setpoint which is not affected by the temperature setpoint of comfort mode.

The parameter as below is use for setting relative adjusting way on temperature setpoint. It can be found if you choose the "relative adjustment" from the "Setpoint adjustment".

Parameter "Basic comfort setpoint at heating in 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 0...500

The comfort temperature setpoint can be set here under the heating function. All the temperature setpoint is referred to the basic comfortable temperature setpoint of heating function. Temperature setpoint for all modes changes with the basic comfortable temperature setpoint of heating function. The setpoint can be set by bus and it will keep saving the new value after changing.

Parameter "Setpoint decrease for standby mode at heating in 0.1 Celsius"

Option: 0...100

The parameter is use for setting the reduction that decides the stand by mode's temperature setpoint which is changed with the comfort temperature setpoint under the circumstance of heating function. For example: if setting the deduction of 3 °C, when the comfort temperature setpoint is 23 °C, the stand by mode's temperature setpoint will be 20 °C.

Parameter of "Setpoint decrease for night mode at heating in 0.1Celsius"

Option: 0...100

The parameter is use for setting the reduction that decides the night mode's temperature setpoint which is changed with the comfort temperature setpoint under the circumstance of heating function. For example: if setting the deduction of 2 °C, when the comfort temperature setpoint is 23 °C, the stand by mode's temperature setpoint will be 21 °C.

Parameter of "Setpoint frost protection at heating in 0.1 Celsius"

Option: 0...255

The parameter is use for setting the temperature setpoint of Frost/Heat protection mode. The current temperature is not allow to be below the temperature setpoint of heating function in Frost/Heat protection mode. Otherwise, the Thermostat will send an order to the relative heating control of heating the room for avoiding too low temperature.

Parameter of "Positive dead zone between heating and cooling in 0.1 Celsius" Option: 0...100

The parameter is to definite dead zone between heating function and cooling function. The cooling comfort temperature setpoint can be set here. Temperature setpoint of cooling comfort mode = Temperature setpoint of heating comfort mode + dead zone If the values of dead zone is 3 °C, temperature setpoint of heating comfort mode is 22 °C, that means the temperature setpoint of the cooling comfort mode is 25 °C.

Parameter of "setpoint increase for standby mode at cooling in 0.1 Celsius"

Option: 0...100

The parameter is use for setting the increment that decides the stand by mode's temperature setpoint which is changed with the comfort temperature setpoint under the circumstance of cooling function. For example: if setting the increment of 3 °C, when the comfort temperature setpoint is 23 °C, the stand by mode's temperature setpoint will be 26 °C.

Parameter of "setpoint increase for night mode at cooling in 0.1 Celsius"

Option: 0...100

The parameter is use for setting the increment that decides the night mode's temperature setpoint which is changed with the comfort temperature setpoint under the circumstance of cooling function. For example: if setting the deduction of 2 °C, when the comfort temperature setpoint is 23 °C, the night mode's temperature setpoint will be 25 °C.

Parameter "setpoint heat protection at cooling in 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 0 ... 500

This parameter is used to set the temperature setpoint for overheat protection. In the overheating protection mode of cooling function, the temperature is not allowed to be higher than the set-temperature, otherwise the Thermostat will trigger a control telegram to so that the corresponding Cooling actuator start cooling the room to avoid temperature to be over high.

When the parameter "Setpoint adjustment" select "absolute adjustment", the following parameters are visible, to set the temperature setpoint of absolute adjustment.

Parameters "Heating comfort setpoint in 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 0-500

Here it sets the temperature setpoint of heating function under Comfort Mode. Unlike that of relative adjustment, the setpoint of absolute adjustment does not affect the setpoint under other modes.

Parameters "Heating standby setpoint in 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 0-500

Here it sets the temperature setpoint of heating function under standby mode. This temperature setpoint is set independently and is not affected by the comfort mode.

Parameters "Heating night setpoint in 0.1 Celsius"

Options :0-500

Here it sets the temperature setpoint of heating function under night mode. This temperature setpoint is set independently and is not affected by the comfort mode.

Parameter "Setpoint frost protection at heating 0.1 Celsius"

Options :0-255

Here it sets the temperature setpoint of heating function under frost protection mode. This temperature setpoint is set independently and is not affected by the comfort mode.

Parameters "Cooling comfort setpoint in 0.1 Celsius"

Options :0-500

Here it sets the comfort temperature setpoint of cooling function. Unlike that of relative adjustment, this setpoint does not affect the setpoint of temperature under other modes.

Parameters "Cooling standby setpoint in 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 0-500

Here it sets the temperature setpoint of cooling function under standby mode. This temperature setpoint is set independently and is not affected by the comfort mode.





Parameters "Cooling night setpoint in 0.1 Celsius"

Options :0-500

Here it sets the temperature setpoint of cooling function under night mode. This temperature setpoint is set independently and is not affected by the comfort mode.

Parameter "Setpoint heat protection at cooling 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 0-500

Here it sets the temperature setpoint of cooling function under heat protection mode. This temperature setpoint is set independently and is not affected by the comfort mode.

Parameter "Minimum distance between heating setpoint and cooling setpoint 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 0-100

The minimum distance is always between "heating setpoint comfort mode" and "cooling setpoint comfort mode". It acts as a buffer zone to prevent the two setpoints from overlapping.

Example: Individual setpoints are selected. Heating comfort setpoint is set to 21 °C and cooling comfort setpoint is set to 25 °C. The dead zone between heating and cooling is 3 °C. If the heating setpoint is moved up, the dead zone is also moved up. If heating comfort setpoint is adjusted up to 23 °C, cooling comfort setpoint will be also adjusted up to 26 °C to ensure that there is always a minimum distance of 3 °C between heating and cooling. If the cooling setpoint is adjusted down to 23 °C, heating comfort setpoint is also adjusted down to 20 °C to ensure that the minimum distance is also retained in this case.

3.5. PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE "HEATING/ COOLING CONTROL"

"Heating / Cooling Control" parameter setting interface is as shown in Figure 3.5, where related parameters of temperature control is set. The thermostat provides a variety of controlling types, such as continuous PI control, switching PI control, 2 position control and Fan coil control, used for controlling different types of temperature controllers. Under normal circumstances, we can control the fan coil actuator by Thermostat to switch on/off the electric valve and adjust the speed of fan to adjust the room temperature, making the temperature vary within the predetermined range.

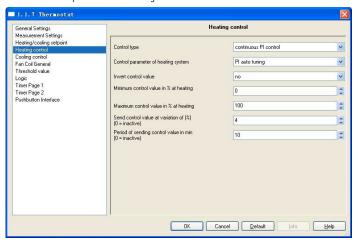


Figure 3.5 "Heating/cooling control" parameter setting interface

Parameter "Control type"

Options: continuous PI control switching PI control two position control fan coil control

If you choose "Continuous PI Control", the controlled object transmits of 0 ... 255 (corresponds to 0% ... 100%), 0% to close the valve, 100% to open the valve, if it is between 0% and 100% , the actuator will adjust the controlling output according to the duty cycle of control target value. For example, assuming the cycle is 10mins (set in the switch actuator), the controlling value is 60%, then the valve will be opened for 6mins, closed for 4mins, all cycles in this way . Thermostat, according to temperature conditions, ratio range and integration time, calculate the control value every 30 seconds , and output the control value based on the output conditions. (Note: If no cycle parameter is set in the switch actuator, the actuator will not cyclically transmit the controlling value according to its duty cycle. In this case, this application of the panel may not be suitable for controlling switch actuator and applies only



If you select "Switching PI Control", the controlled object sends switch value and directly controls the output of actuator by the switch command, which means the controlled object directly switches solenoid valve. The period of cyclical transmitting of switch value can be set through parameter, and the Thermostat will send switch value according to the duty cycle of control target value. For example, assuming the cycle is 10mins (set in the Thermostat), the controlling value is 80%, then the valve will be opened for 8mins, closed for 2 mins, all cycles in this way. Thermostat will calculate the control value every 30 seconds according to temperature conditions, ratio range and integration time.

If you select "Two Position Control", you can set a delay interval through parameter to prevent that the small decline or rise of temperature causes the frequent switching on/off of actuator, and results in the frequent switching on/ off of the valve. The delay interval is symmetrically disposed above and below the set temperature, e.g., in the cooling mode, if the set temperature is 21 °C, the delay interval is 2 °C, then the controlled object will send an "on" or "100%" telegram at 22 °C, and open the valve for cooling.

When the temperature drops to 20 °C, the controlled object will send an "off" or "0%" telegram-, and close the valve to stop cooling. Temperature setpoint is the temperature set under current working mode.

If you choose "fan coil Control", the type of communication object of control value will be the same with that of "Continuous PI Control". In addition, the page "Fan Coil Heating / Cooling" is visible.

Different control types have different parameters and object, but most of them are similar. In order not to repeat the description of these similar parameters, we do not make distinguish description of parameters of different controlling types. If one type of control does not have some parameter, then it does not have the function of the parameter.

H	eating control	
Control type	switching PI control	~
Control parameter of heating system	hot water heating (5 K / 150 min)	~
Invert control value	no	~
Minimum control value in % at heating	0	\$
Maximum control value in % at heating	100	*
PWM cycle time in min	10	\$

Switching PI control

Heating control				
Control type	two position control	×		
Symmetrical hysteresis temperature in 0.1 Celsius	20	-		
Control value type	1 bit (ON/OFF)	~		
invert control value	no	~		
Period of sending control value in min (0 = inactive)	10	\$		

Two position control

Control type	fan coil control	~
Control parameter of heating system	hot water heating (5 K / 150 min)	~
Invert control value	no	~
Minimum control value in % at heating	0	*
Maximum control value in % at heating	100	*
Send control value at variation of (%) (0 = inactive)	4	*
Period of sending control value in min (0 = inactive)	10	*

fan coil control





Parameter "Control parameter of heating system"

Options: Hot water heating (5K/150min) Floor heating (5K/240 min) Electric heating (4K/100min) Split unit (4K/90min) Pl auto tuning User-defined parameter

Parameter "Control parameter of cooling system"

Options: Cooling ceiling (5K/240min) Split unit (4K/90min) Pl auto tuning User-defined parameter

If the option is "PI auto tuning", you can obtain the PI parameters through auto tuning. After programming the Thermostat starts auto-tuning, makes room temperature oscillate upper and lower around temperature setpoint through fully open and fully close operations. After two oscillation cycles, PI parameters will be calculated according to the amplitude and period of oscillation waveform. Finally, the the self-tuning state ends and turns to PI control state, which controls according to the parameters got from auto tuning. When the bus turns off and then turns on PI continues to control according to those parameters. The period of Self-tuning ranges from tens of minutes to several hours depending on the controlled object. Parameters got from PI auto tuning may not be optimal.During the process of PI auto tuning, please do not adjust temperature setpoint, or convert heating and refrigeration to prevent interference of PI auto tuning.

In the option of "user-defined parameter", PI parameter values can be set through the following two parameters and application of Thermostat will calculate the control value basing on the given parameter values.

PI parameter values of other options are specified.

Parameter "proportional range (×0.1 °C)"

Options: 10 ... 100

In the parameter "control parameter of heating / cooling system",when the option is "user-defined parameter", this parameter is visible and is used to set parameter values of P (proportional band) with the unit is °C. Proportional factor equals to 255 divided by ratio range. The proper ratio range must be appropriately set. If it is too small it will cause very fast adjustment and overshoot. For example: the ratio range is 5 °C, when temperature deviation is 2 °C, proportional control value will be[255/5]*2 = 102. Pl control value equals proportional control value plus integral term control value.

Parameters "reset time (min)"

Options: 0 ... 255

In the parameter "control parameter of heating / cooling system",when the option is "user-defined parameter", this parameter is visible and is used to set parameter values of I (integral time). The integral time must be appropriately set. If it is too large it will make adjustment very slow and oscillation unobvious. If it is too small it will cause adjustment very fast and oscillation.0 means not using integral term.

Parameters "invert control value"

Options: no yes

Here it sets the method of control object sending control value, normal transmit or negative transmit, to suit control value to the type of valve.

If you select "no", the control object "Heating / Cooling control value "will send normal control values.

If you select "yes", control object "Heating / Cooling control value" will send negative control value. If control value is "off or 0%," negative control value will be "on or 100%"; If control value is "on, or 100%," negative control is "off or 0%"; If control value is "60%", then negative control value is 40%.

Parameters "minimum control value in %"

Options: 0 ... 30

This parameter is used to set the minimum allowable value of the PI control value. When control value calculated from PI is less than the set minimum value, Thermostat will send the minimum value. If you use a Thermostat to control an actuator using PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) mode, this parameter is very necessary. In PWM mode, if the PI control value is very small, it will cause the valve open for a very short time and close for very long, it may be not long enough to open the valve, thus will not make a good regulation of room temperature and the valve will be easily damaged.

Parameter "maximum control value in %"

Options: 70 ... 100

This parameter is used to set the maximum allowable value of the PI control value. When control value calculated from PI is larger than the set maximum value, Thermostat will send the maximum value. If you use a Thermostat to control an actuator using PWM (Pulse Width Modulation) mode, this parameter is very necessary. In PWM mode, if the PI control value is very large, it will cause the valve open for a very long time and close for very short, it may be not long enough to close the valve, thus will not make a good regulation of room temperature and the valve will be easily damaged.

Parameters "send control value at variation of %"

Options: 0 ... 15

This parameter is visible only when the control type is "continuous PI control" visible. Only when setting the certain amount of change of control value, the object "heating/cooling control value" sends current control value to the bus. 0 means not using this parameter.

Parameter "period of sending control value (1 ... 255 min)"

Options: 0 ... 255

This parameter sets time interval of control value cyclically send control value to the bus. 0 means not using this parameter.

Each time it sends a control value to the bus, cyclical sending time will be retiming.

Note: the cycle time here should corresponds to the monitoring time of temperature control actuator, therefore the time of cyclical sending telegram should be half or less of the monitoring time of temperature control actuator to prevent that, temperature control actuators fail to monitor because of omission of cyclical telegram, and mistakenly judge Thermostat breaks down.

Parameter "PWM cycle time (1 ... 255 min)"

Options: 1 ... 255

This parameter is visible only when the control type is "switching PI control", and is used to set the period of control object cyclical sending switch value. Thermostat sends switch value according to the duty cycle of control value. For example, if the period is set to be 10mins, control value is 80%, Thermostat will send an open packet every 8 min, and send an closed packet every 2 min, and continue to cycle this way. If the control value changes, the duty cycle of Thermostat sending open/close telegram will change, while the period is still the time set by parameters.

If the control object sends a fully open or fully closed packet, the Thermostat will still cyclically send telegrams.

The two control type "continuous PI control" and "switching PI control" have same PI control value, but different control object. The control object of "continuous PI" sends out PI control (1byte) directly,but control object of "switching PI" outputs an "on/off" control telegram according to the duty cycle of control object.

Parameters "Symmetrical hysteresis temperature (× 0.1 °C)"

Options: 5 ... 50

This parameter is visible only when the control type "Two position control", and is used to set a delay interval to prevent that the small decline or rise of temperature causes the frequent switching on/off of actuator, and results in the frequent switching on/off of the valve. If the delay interval is set to be too large, it will reduce the number of actuator's action and extend actuator's life, but it will reduce control accuracy. For example, in the mode of heating, if temperature setpoint is 20 °C, the delay interval is 2 °C, then the control object will send an "on" telegram at 19 °C open the valve, and start heating. When temperature rises to 21 °C, the object will send an "off" telegram, close the valve and stop heating.

Parameter "Control value type"

Options: 1bit (ON/OFF)

1byte (0% / 100%)

This parameter is visible only when the control type is "Two position control", and is used to set the type of control object.

If the option is "1bit", the object "Heating/Cooling control value" sends "on" and "off";

If the option is "1byte", the object "Heating/Cooling control value" sends only "0%" and "100%."

10





3.6. PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE "ADDITIONAL HEATING/COOLING"

		PAC 18 10	
1.3.8 Thermostat General Settings Measurement Settings Heating setpoint. Heating control Fan Coll Heating Additional heating Fan Coll General Threshold value Logic Timer Page 1 Timer Page 2 Pushbutton Interface	Add Selpoint between basic and additional heating in 1C Control parameter of heating system Invert control value Minimum control value in % Maximum control value in % Send control value in % Send control value of variation of (%) [0 = mactive] Period of sending control value in min [0 = inactive]	ditional heating 3 continuous PI control Boor heating (5 K/240 min) yes 0 100 4 2	
	ОК	Cancel Default Info	Help

Figure 3.6 "Additional Heating/cooling" parameter setting interface

In the fig. 3.6 these parameter settings are the same as above except the first parameter. The parameter "Setpoint between basic and additional heating/ cooling in 1C" is used to set the setpoint temperature of the additional heating/ cooling, if select additional heating, the setpoint of additional heating= basis comfort temperature (at heating)-value of the parameter setting; if select additional cooling, the setpoint of additional cooling= basis comfort temperature (at cooling)+value of the parameter setting.

3.7. PARAMETER SETTING INTERFACE "FAN COIL GENERAL"

"Fan Coil General" parameter setting interface is as shown in Figure 3.7. Here it sets the general parameters of fan coil.

General Settings Measurement Settings	Far	n Coil General	
Heating/cooling setpoint Heating control Cooling control Fan Coil General	Number of fan levels Switchover fan between auto and manual	1 level object "Automatic ON/DFF"	~
Threshold value Logic Timer Page 1 Timer Page 2 Pushbutton Interface			
	ОК	Cancel Default Info	Help

Figure 3.7 "Fan Coil General Parameter Setting Interface

Parameters "Number of fan level"

- Options: 1 level
 - 3 levels

This parameter is used to set the levels of wind speed. The maximum wind speed does not exceed the levels.

Parameter "Switchover fan between auto and manual"

Options: object "Automatic ON / OFF"

object "Manual ON / OFF"

This parameter is used to set the automatic and manual switchover of wind speed.

When you select "object" Automatic ON/OFF" and switch to automatic wind speed mode, communication object 21 sends 1. When you switch to manual wind speed mode, communication object 21 sends 0, and communication object 22 sends the control value of corresponding wind. When choosing "object Manual ON/OFF" and switch to manual wind speed mode, communication object 21 sends 1, and communication object 22 sends the control value of corresponding wind. When you switch to automatic wind speed mode, communication object 21 sends 0.

3.8. PARAMETER WINDOW "FAN COIL HEATING/ COOLING"

Parameter window "Fan Coil Heating/Cooling", shown in Figure 3.8

1.1.7 Thermostat	10		Ŀ
General Settings Measurement Settings	Fan	Coil Heating	
Heating/cooling setpoint Heating control	Automatic return from manual adjustment (0 =inactive, min)	0	\$
Fan Coil Heating Cooling control Fan Coil General Threshold value	Threshold value in % for fan speed 1 at heating Threshold value in % for fan speed 2 at heating	20 40	**
Logic Timer Page 1 Timer Page 2	Threshold value in % for fan speed 3 at heating	80	\$
Timer Page 2 Pushbutton Interface	Fan speed for switching to comfort mode at heating Fan speed for switching to standby mode	no change	~
	at heating Fan speed for switching to night mode at heating	no change	~
	Fan speed for switching to frost/heat protection mode at heating	no change	~
	OK C	Cancel Default Info	Help

Figure 3.8 Parameter window "Fan Coil Heating/Cooling"

Parameter "Automatic return from manual adjustment"

Options: 1-255

This parameter sets time of "Automatic return from manual adjustment". After user manually switching the wind speed, the wind speed reaches the time to return to the automatic mode, the communication object 21 sends packets to return to automatic speed mode.

Parameter "Threshold value in % for fan speed 1 at heating"

Parameter "Threshold value in % for fan speed 2 at heating"

Parameter "Threshold value in % for fan speed 3 at heating"

Options: 0-100

"Threshold value in% for fan speed 1 at heating": to set packet value that "communication object 22-Fan manual stage" outputs when the Thermostat is switched to high speed 1.

"Threshold value in% for fan speed 2 at heating": to set packet value that "communication object 22-Fan manual stage" outputs when the Thermostat is switched to high speed 2.

"Threshold value in% for fan speed 3 at heating": to set packet value that "communication object 22-Fan manual stage" outputs when the Thermostat is switched to high speed 3.

Parameter "Fan speed for switching to comfort mode"

Parameter "Fan speed for switching to standby mode"

Parameter "Fan speed for switching to night mode"

Parameter "Fan speed for switching to frost/heat protection mode"

- Options: auto
 - 1

2

3

no change

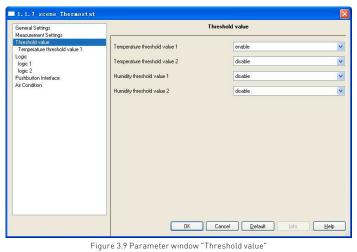
This parameter is to set wind-sharing speed of fain coil in different operating modes. Each mode can be set its corresponding wind speed. When switching to a working mode, the communication object sends the control value, the corresponding wind speed.is entered. Each switching to an operation mode, timing mark start timing in "speed return mode", time will return to automatic speed mode.



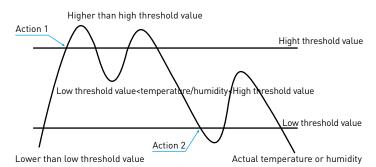


3.9. PARAMETER WINDOW "THRESHOLD VALUE"

Parameter window "Threshold value" is shown in Figure 3.9: here is to set the threshold values of of temperature and humidity, which can be enabled in the interface. When the temperature threshold value is enabled, the parameter window is shown in Figure 3.9.1; when the humidity threshold value when enabled, the parameter window is shown in Figure 3.9.2. Thermostat, according to the current temperature and humidity within the threshold value range, triggers to send two different types of (1bit/1byte) data to the BUS, to control other devices.



Setpoints of "threshold values":





eneral Settings leasurement Settings	Temperature threshold value 1		
easurement settings Temperature threshold value 1 logic 1 logic 2 ushbutton Interface ir Condition	Temperature threshold value in 0.1 Celsius Negative hystersis temperature in 0.1 Celsius II temperature is lower than threshold value Logis 1bit telegram value[0.1] 1byte telegram value[0.255] If temperature is upper than threshold value Logis 1bit telegram value[0.1] 1byte telegram value[0.255] Cycle time (temperature threshold value in minff used) Use block of the temperature threshold output	250 10 send following telegram once 10 0 send following telegram once 11 255 10 no	:

Figure 3.9.1 Parameter window "Temperature threshold value 1/2"

Parameter "Temperature threshold value (×0.1 °C)"

Options: 0-500

This parameter sets a high threshold value of temperature, this threshold value can be changed as "change temperature threshold value 1/2", and once changing, in the bus will save the new value when the power of the BUS is off.

Parameter "Negative hysteresis temperature (×0.1 °C)"

Options: 5-50

This parameter is used to set the hysteresis value of the low threshold value to high threshold value. Assuming the hysteresis value is 3 °C, then the lower threshold = high threshold value -3 °C. When the high threshold changes, the low threshold changes accordingly.

Parameter "If temperature is lower than threshold value"

Parameter "If temperature is upper than threshold value"

Options: do not send telegram send following telegram once send following telegram cyclically

These two parameters are used to respectively set ways of sending telegram to the object "1bit/1byte output, temperature", when the detected temperature is below the low threshold or above the high threshold.

If select "do not send telegram", no telegram is sent; if select "send following telegram once", the telegram is sent once; if select "send cyclically", the telegram is sent cyclically; send cyclically time can be set in the below "cycle time for temperature threshold value [min]", and at most two values can be set, in the below logic1bit/ 1byte telegram value.

Parameter "logic 1 bit /1byte telegram value"

Options: Logic 1bit (0~1) 1byte (0~255)

This parameter is used to specify, the telegram value that object "1bit/1byte output, temperature" sends, when the current temperature is below the low threshold and above the high threshold. After a bus reset or programming, if the current temperature is between the low threshold and the high threshold, the object does not send telegram to the bus.

Parameter "Cycle time for temperature threshold value [min] (if used)"

Options: 1-255

This parameter is used to set the object "1bit/1byte output, temperature" cycle time on the bus to send the value of the interval, only when the parameter "If temperature is lower/upper than threshold value" set loop send it to use.

Parameter "use block of the temperature threshold output"

Options: yes

no

This parameter sets whether to enable the threshold value, if enabled, the object "temperature threshold value1/2 block" is visible, when the object receives telegram "1", threshold value is disabled, when the object receives telegram "0", the threshold value is enabled.

Parameter "Behaviour when setting the lock"

Options: Do not send telegram Send the same telegram as lower threshold Send the same telegram as upper threshold

This parameter sets the action when the threshold value is banned.

Select "do not send", no action;

Select "Send the same telegram as lower threshold", when the object "temperature threshold value 1/2 block" receives telegram "1", the object "1bit/1byte output, temperature" sends the same telegram as lower threshold. Select "Send the same telegram as upper threshold", when the object "temperature threshold value 1/2 block" receives telegram "1", the object "1bit/1byte output, temperature"sends the same telegram as upper threshold.

This parameter can be seen in "use block of the temperature threshold output" if User selects "yes".

Parameter "Behaviour when releasing the lock"

Options: Do not send Update

This parameter sets the action when the threshold value is started again.

Select "do not send", when the object "temperature threshold value 1/2 block" receives the telegram "0", if the threshold value changes, "1bit/1byte output, temperature" value will be sent immediately, but not vice versa. If the current temperature is between high and low thresholds, no telegram will be sent; if loop sending is enabled, the previous telegram will be loop sent.

Select "update", when the object "temperature threshold value 1/2 block" receives telegram "0", the object "1bit/1byte output, temperature" updates according to the threshold range of the current temperature, no matter whether the object value changes, the telegram is sent. If the current temperature is between the high and low thresholds, the object value cannot be determined, the telegram is not sent. even though in case of sending cyclically.

This parameter can be seen in "use block of the temperature threshold output" if User selects "yes".





3.9.2. HUMIDITY THRESHOLD VALUE

ieneral Settings feasurement Settings	Humi	dity threshold value 1	
hreshold value Temperature threshold value 1	humidity threshold value in %	60	;
Humidity threshold value 1 ogic	Negative hysteresis humidity in %	2	
logic 1 logic 2	If humidity is lower than threshold value	send following telegram once	~
Pushbutton Interface Air Condition	Logic 1bit telegram value[01]	'0'	~
	1byte telegram value[0255]	0	:
	If humidity is upper than threshold value	send following telegram once	~
	Logic 1bit telegram value[01]	۲.	
	1byte telegram value[0255]	255	
	Cycle time for humidity threshold value in min(if used)	10	;
	Use block of the humidity threshold output	no	

Figure 3.9.2 Parameter window "Humidity threshold value 1/2"

Parameter "Humidity threshold value (%)"

Options: 0-100

This parameter sets a high threshold value humidity, this threshold value can be changed as

"change humidity threshold value1/2", and once changing, in the bus will save the new value when the power of the BUS is off.

Parameter "Negative hysteresis humidity (%)"

Options: 1-10

This parameter is used to set the hysteresis value of the low threshold value to high threshold value.

Assuming the hysteresis value is 5%, then the lower threshold = high threshold value -5%. When the high threshold changes, the low threshold changes accordingly.

Parameter "If humidity is lower than threshold value"

Parameter "If humidity is upper than threshold value"

Options: Do not send telegram

Send following telegram once

Send following telegram cyclically

These two parameters are used to respectively set ways of sending telegram to the object "1bit/1byte output, humidity", when the detected humidity is below the low threshold or above the high threshold.

If select "do not send telegram", the object does not sends telegram; If select "send following telegram once", the object sends telegram once; If select "send cyclically", the object sends telegram cyclically, sending time can be set in the following parameter "cycle time for humidity threshold value [min]"

in the settings, you can send two object types, the value of the object is set in the following parameters "logic1bit / 1byte telegram value ".

Parameter "logic 1 bit/1 byte telegram value"

Options: Logic 1bit (0~1) 1 byte (0~255)

This parameter is used to specify, the telegram value that object "1bit/1byte output, humidity" sends, when the current humidity is below the low threshold and above the high threshold. After a bus reset or programming, if the current humidity is between the low threshold and the high threshold, the object does not send telegram to the bus.

Parameter "Cycle time for humidity threshold value [min] (if used)"

Options: 1-255

This parameter is used to set the object "1bit/1byte output, humidity" cycle time on the bus to send the value of the interval, only when the parameter "If humidity is lower / upper than threshold value" set loop send it to use.

Parameter "use block of the humidity threshold output"

Options: yes

This parameter sets whether to enable the threshold value, if enabled, the object "humidity threshold value 1/2 block" is visible, when the object receives telegram "1", threshold value is disabled, when the object receives telegram "0", the threshold value is enabled.

When select "yes", the following parameters can be seen.

Parameter "Behaviour when setting the lock"

Options: Do not send telegram Send the same telegram as lower threshold Send the same telegram as upper threshold

This parameter sets the action when the threshold value is banned. Select "do not send", no action;

Select "Send the same telegram as lower threshold", when the object "humidity threshold value 1/2 block" receives telegram "1", the object "1bit/1byte output, humidity" sends the same telegram as lower threshold.

Select "Send the same telegram as upper threshold", when the object "humidity threshold value 1/2 block" receives telegram "1", the object "1bit/1byte output, humidity" sends the same telegram as higher threshold.

This parameter can be seen in "use block of the humidity threshold output" if User selects "yes".

Parameter "Behaviour when releasing the lock"

Options: Do not send

Update

This parameter sets the action when the threshold value is started again.

Select "do not send", when the object "humidity threshold value 1/2 block" receives the telegram "0", if the threshold value changes, "1bit/1byte output, humidity" value will be sent immediately, but not vice versa. If the current humidity is between high and low thresholds, no telegram will be sent; if loop sending is enabled, the previous telegram will be loop sent.

Select "update", when the object "humidity threshold value 1/2 block" receives telegram "0", the object "1bit/1byte output, temperature" updates according to the threshold range of the current humidity, no matter whether the object value changes, the telegram is sent. If the current humidity is between the high and low thresholds, the object value cannot be determined, the telegram is not sent, even though in case of sending cyclically.

This parameter can be seen in "use block of the humidity threshold output" if User selects "yes".

3.10. PARAMETER WINDOW "LOGIC"

Parameter window "Logic" shows in Figure 3.10.1 Temperature controller provides two logic functions, each function has three logic inputs, each input can be freely set, telegrams may be sent by the temperature threshold (1bit), or humidity threshold (1bit), or from the bus, these telegrams can also be inverted, then participate in logic operations.

10.01		Logic	
ieneral Settings feasurement Settings		Logic	
hreshold value			
ogic	Active logic function	enable	
rushbutton Interface	Logic 1	disable	
nput 2 nput 3	Logic 2	disable	1
nput 4 ir Condition	The value of communication object input A after bus voltage recovery	'0'	
	The value of communication object input B after bus voltage recovery	0'	

Figure 3.10.1 Parameter window "Logic"

Parameter "Active logic function"

	•	
Options:	enable	
	disable	

Here is to set whether to enable logic functions.

Parameter "logic1"

Parameter "logic 2"

Options:	enable
	disable

This parameter sets whether to enable logic 1 and logic 2.

If select "enable", it means logic 1 and logic 2 are enabled, and their parameter window can be seen in Figure 3.10.2.





Parameter "The value of communication object input A after bus voltage recovery"

Parameter "The value of communication object input B after bus voltage recovery"

Options: 0 1

This parameter sets logic values of "Input A" and "Input B", when the bus on a power-on reset. "Input A" and "Input B" logic values can be changed via the communication object "communication object logic Input A" and "communication object logic Input B".

In Figure 3.10.2, in the parameter window of logic1 and the logic 2, "Input 1" and "Input 2" for the first run logic operation, and the operation result is then runs logical operation with"Input3", at last the final logical result is obtained, according to the final results two different types of data transmission can be achieved. When the final logic result is "1", user can specify the values of two different types of transmission on the bus; when the final result is "0"; user may further specify two different types of transmission on the bus. Each time the Thermostat detects the input of new logical values, it will re-do a logic operation, while updating the final result of logic operation. Logic functions can also set ways of sending the value of logical objects; user can disable / enable logic functions.

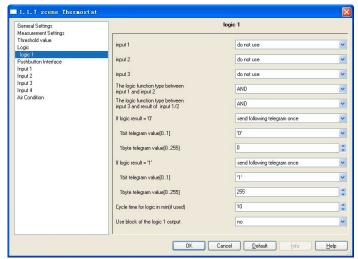


Figure 3.10.2 Parameter window "Logic 1/2"

Parameter "input X(X=1...6)"

Options: do not use

temperature threshold value 1 temperature threshold value 1 inverted temperature threshold value 2 inverted humidity threshold value 2 inverted humidity threshold value1 inverted humidity threshold value2 inverted humidity threshold value 2 inverted communication object input A communication object input B communication object input B

Here is to set the input value of logic operations, logic input value of logic 1 is input 1 ~ input 3, logic input value of logic 2 is input 4 ~ input 5.

If one of the logic input isn't used, the logic input and its logic operations should be ignored.

If in a certain threshold state no telegrams are sent, then in this case logic input is not involved in the logic operation, equivalent do not use, and if the threshold function is disabled, and in this case logic input is also equivalent to do not use. If the object value of the threshold value is in an indeterminate state, logic input doesn't participate in logic operations. If temperature and humidity testing fail, the relevant logic inputs are not involved in logical operations.

Parameter: The logic function type between input 1 (4) and input 2 (5)"

ions:	AND
	OR
	XOR

Opt

This parameter sets the logic operations of "Input 1 (4)" and "Input 2 (5)". Three kinds of logic operations relations:"AND", "OR", "XOR".

Parameter "The logic function type between input 3 (6) and result of input 1/2 (4/5)"

Options: AND OR XOR

This parameter sets the logic operations results or relations of "Input 3 (6)" and "Input 1 (4)" / "Input 2 (5)", providing three kinds of logic operations relations: "AND", "OR", "XOR".

Parameter "if logic result='0/1"

Options: do not send telegram send following telegram once send following telegram cyclically

Here is to set the way of the logic object sends value when the logic results are "1" and "0".

If select "do not send telegram", the object does not sends telegram;

If select "send following telegram once", the object sends telegram once; If select "send cyclically", the object sends telegram cyclically, sending time can be set in the following parameter "cycle time for humidity threshold value [min]" in the settings, you can send two object types, the value of the object is set. in the following parameters "logic1bit / 1byte telegram value ".

Parameter "logic 1 bit /1byte telegram value"

Options: 1bit (0~1)

1byte (0~255)

Here is to set the value of the logic object sends when the logic results are "1" and "0".

Parameter "cycle time for logic [min]"

This parameter is used to set the interval of the object "logic 1/2, 1bit/1byte output" cyclically sends on the bus, only when the parameter "if logic result=0/1" set cyclically sending, is it enabled.

Parameter "use block of the logic 1/2 output"

Options: ves

no

This parameter sets whether to disable the threshold value, if enabled, the object "logic 1/2 block" is visible, when the object receives telegram "1", threshold value is disabled, when the object receives telegram "0", the threshold value is enabled.

When select "yes", the following parameters can be seen.

Parameter "Behaviour when setting the lock"

Options: do not send the same as logic result = '0' the same as logic result='1'

This parameter sets the action when the threshold value is disabled.

Select " do not send", no action;

Select "the same as logic result='0'", when the object "logic 1/2 block" receives telegram "1", the object "logic 1/2, 1bit/1byte output" sends the same telegram as with telegram "0".

Select "the same as logic result='1'", when the object "logic 1/2 block" receives telegram "1", the object "logic 1/2, 1bit/1byte output" sends the same telegram as with telegram "1".

Parameter "Behaviour when releasing the lock"

Options: Do not send Update

This parameter sets the action when the logic is started again.

Select "do not send", when the object "humidity threshold value 1/2 block" receives the telegram "0", if the threshold value changes, "1bit/1byte output, humidity" value will be sent immediately, but not vice versa.

If selecting "update", when "logic 1/2 bock" receives telegram "0", no matter whether the logic results change, the value of "logic 1/2, 1bit/1byte output" will be sent immediately.





3.11. PARAMETER WINDOW "TIMER PAGE 1" AND "TIMER PAGE 2"

Parameter window of Timer Page 1" and "Timer Page 2" is shown in Figure 3.11, here is to set the relevant parameters of timer. Thermostat panel can set schedule to automatically adjust the work mode. A thermostat panel has 16 timing times, and each timing time has its own work mode. If the current time is equal to a timing time, it will automatically switch to the corresponding work mode and send the corresponding data.

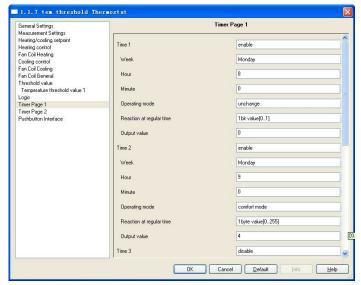


Figure 3.11 parameter window "Timer Page x" and "Timer Page 2"

Parameter "Time x"

Options: enable disable

This parameter is used to activate a timing time. After the timing is enabled, timing mode switching and manually adjust the timing time can be achieved. If the 16 timers has overlap time, thermostat will send the front timer mode and data to the bus. When regular time enabled, users can long press the timer button to modify the regular time.

Parameter "Week"

Options: Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday Monday- Wednesday Thursday- Friday Monday- Friday Saturday- Sunday Monday- Sunday

This parameter sets the date. Users can set according to their needs.

Parameter "Hour'

Options: 0-23

This parameter is used to set time in hours.

Parameter "Minute"

Ontions: 0-59

This parameter is used to set time in minutes.

Parameter "operating mode"

Options: comfort mode standby mode night mode frost/heat protection unchanged

This parameter sets the room control mode when the set timing time reaches.

Parameter "Reaction at regular time"

Options:	No reaction 1 bit value [01] 2 bit value [03] 4 bit value [015] 1 byte value [0255] 2 byte value [-3276832767] 2 byte value [065535] (byte value [065535]
	4 byte value [04294967295]

This parameter sets the data type thermostat panel sent to the bus when the set timing time reaches.

Options "Output value"

Options: 0..1/0..3/0..15/0..255/-32768...32767/0..65535/0..4294967295 This parameter sets the data value that is sent to the bus.

3.12. PARAMETER WINDOW "PUSHBUTTON INTERFACE"

Pushbutton Interface has three binary inputs and a temperature sensor input; three binary inputs can be set to switch, dimming, curtains and other functions. Temperature sensor inputs can be connected an external NTC thermistor, as an external temperature sensor of thermostat panel, or as a temperature limiter of underfloor heating, to stop heating when the heating temperature is higher than the limit.

1.1.7 Thermostat			
General Settings Measurement Settings	P	ushbutton Interface	
Threshold value Logic	Pushbutton Interface Function	enable	~
Pushbutton Interface	Debounce time	50ms	~
Input 2 Input 3 Input 4	Limit number of Tele.	Yes	~
Air Condition	Telegrams per 17 senconds	127	~
	ОК	Cancel Default Info	Help

Figure 3.12.1 Parameter window "Push button Interface"

Parameter "Debounce Time"

Options: 10ms/20ms/,,,/150ms

Debounce time set here, to prevent unnecessary repeatedly operations caused by multiple triggering when the contact repeatedly jitter, which is the minimum effective time of contact input.

Parameter "Limit number of Tele."

Options: yes

No

This parameter sets limits on the number of binary input telegrams sent to the main bus, in order to reduce the burden of bus. If selecting "Yes", the parameter "Max. Number Tele. Within a period" is visible.

Parameter "Max. Number Tele. Within a period"

Options: 30/60/100/127

This parameter sets the number of telegrams can be sent in a maximum of 17 seconds.

Bus voltage is restored, the device initialization is complete, the timer starts and starts counting telegrams, once the maximum allowed number of telegrams sent once reached, then no telegrams will be sent to the bus until the end of 17 seconds. After the end of the 17 seconds, the timer re-starts, and the telegram restarts to count.

Parameter "Function of input 1"

Options: No function Switch Switch/Dimming Shutter control Scene

This parameter sets functions of binary inputs.





3.12.1. SWITCH

In parameter window "Input 1/2/3", select "Switch" in "Function of input 1/2/3", seen in Figure 3.12.2.

General Settings Measurement Settings		Input 1		
Fhreshold value .ogic ushbutton Interface nou/1 nou/1 Anput 3 .oput 4 Air Condition	Function of input 1 Reaction on closing the contact (Rining edge) switch 1 Reaction on opening the contact (Falling edge) switch 1 Reaction on closing the contact (Rining edge) switch 2 Reaction on opening the contact (Falling edge) switch 2 Send object value after voltage recovers (I'V) for the switch 2 Cyclic send Tele. 'Tele switch'' Interval of Tele cyclic send: Bare 1 Interval of Tele cyclic send: Bare 2 Facto(1255)	Switch ON DFF ON OFF Yes if switch OFF 20s 20s 10		

Figure 3.12.2 parameter window "switch"

Parameter "Reaction on closing the contact (rising edge) switch 1/2"

Parameter "Reaction on opening the contact (falling edge) switch 1/2"

Options:	No function off
	on
	toggle

Here is to set the switch value that the object "Switch, X" sent when performing the operation.

If selecting "no action", no actions will be performed. If selecting "toggle", it will perform the inverse operation, namely, inverse the last value and send again, such as before executing the "On" to operate, inverted, perform the "Off" operation.

Parameter "Send object value after voltage recovery (if yes not equal toggle)"

Options: yes No

Here to set whether to send the current switch value of "Switch, X" to the bus when power is restored, this parameter is visible when it does not distinguish between long and short operation.

If selecting "yes", it will send the current switch value of "Switch, X" to the bus when power is restored, but only when the parameter "Reaction on closing the contact[rising edge]/ opening the contact [falling edge]", and all options don't select "Toggle", will it send the current switch value of "Switch, X" to the bus; if any of the options selects "Toggle", no value will be sent in the bus. If the current operation is "No reaction" or "Stop cyclic transmission", no value will be sent.

Parameter "Cyclical send Tele. Switch"

Options: no always if switch off if switch on

Here is to set whether to cyclically send the current switch value of "Switch, X" to the bus.

Parameter option "Always" is selected, regardless of the object "Switch, X" in the current switch value is 0 or 1; the switch will send cyclically the current value to the bus. Parameter option is set as "If switch off" or "If switch on", Only when the current value is the same as the option, the value will be cyclically sent.

Parameter "Interval of Tele. Cyclic send: Base × Factor"

Base Options:	0.5s/1s//1h
Factor Options:	1255

Here set the interval of cyclically sending telegrams, the parameter is visible when setting cyclically sending, its cycle: Base × Factor.

3.12.2. SWITCH/DIMMING

In parameter window "Input 1/2/3", select "Switch/Dimming" in "Function of input 1/2/3", seen in Figure 3.12.3. After this function is enabled, user through one input operation can control switching and dimming devices simultaneously.

Threshold value Function of input 1 Switch/Dimming Logic Long operation after 4 Input 2 Entry * 0.1s) 4 Input 3 Reaction on short operation TOGGLE Air Condition Step size for dimming 100%:	General Settings Measurement Settings		Input 1	
Transmission drimming stop telegram yes CyckEd It transmission of drimming telegrams enable Time between two dimming telegrams 10	Threshold value Logic Pushbutton Interface Input 1 Input 2 Input 3 Input 4	Long operation after [Entry * 0.13] Reaction on shot operation Reaction on long operation Step size for dimming Transmission dimming stop telegram Dyelical transmission of dimming telegrams	4 TOGGLE brighter/darker 100% yes enable	× × × × ×

Figure 3.12.3 parameter window "Switch / Dimming"

Parameter "Long operation after(entry*0.1s)"

Options: 3-250

Options:

This parameter defines the contact input's effective time for a long operation. If the connecting time of input contacts is longer that the set time, the operation is considered as long operation.

Parameter "Reaction on short operation"

no action off
on
toggle

Through this parameter, user can set the operation after "Switch, X" is triggered, namely, the switching operations when the contact input is short operation.

Parameter "Reaction on long operation"

Options: brighter darker brighter/darker

Here is to set when the contact input is long operation, operations performed on dimmable devices, relative dimming, brighten or darken, the input is disconnected and stop dimming.

If select "brighter /darker", the contact input is long operation, both the brighter and darker can be performed, but at first is brighter, then the later operation is the inverse of the former operation.

Parameter "Step size for dimming"

Options: 100% 50%

> 1 56%

This parameter sets the brightness range (percentage) of cyclically sending dimming telegrams.

Parameter "Transmission dimming stop telegram"

Options: yes

no

It sets whether to send stop dimming telegram when the dimming stops.

Parameter "Cyclical transmission of dimming telegrams"

Options:	disable
	enable

It sets whether to cyclically send dimming telegram.

Parameter "Time between two dimming telegrams in 0.1s" Options: 3-250

ions: 3-250

If selecting "enable" in the parameter "Cyclical transmission of dimming telegrams", then the parameter is visible. Here is to set the interval of cyclical transmission of dimming telegrams.





3.12.3. SHUTTER CONTROL

In parameter window "Input 1/2/3", select "Shutter control" in "Function of input 1/2/3", seen in Figure 3.12.4. After enabling this function, user can control the shutter through one or two input operations.

General Settings		Input 1	
Messurement Settings Threshold value Logic Pushbutton Interface Input 1 Input 2 Input 3 Input 4 Air Condition	Function of input 1 Long operation after Function switchover blinds /roller shutte Objet type Cyclical transmission tele repetition (Entry * 0.1s)	Shutter Control 3 Shutter 1 BIT 30	

Figure 3.12.4 parameter window "Shutter control"

Parameter "Long operation after(Entry*0.1s)"

Options: 3-250

This parameter defines the contact input's effective time for a long operation. If the connecting time of input contacts is longer that the set time, the operation is considered as long operation.

Parameter "Function switchover blinds/roller shutter"

Options: Shutter

Roller shutter

Set action performed when contact input is operated.

Note that: if the parameter "reaction on operation" selects "toggle", its direction is negated after each time sending a moving telegram.

Parameter "Object type"

Options: 1BIT

1BYTE

If this parameter is visible when "function switchover blinds/roller shutter" selects "shutter", and is used to set the object types of "Output shutter UP/ DOWN" and "Output Stop/lamella adj".

Parameter "Cyclical transmission tele. repetition (Entry*0.1s)"

Options: 3-250

The parameter is visible when selecting "1bit" in the parameter "object type", where setting the switch's long press operation, the interval of two telegrams is sent cyclically.

Parameter "value for position down (%)"/"value for position up (%)"

This parameter can only be set if "1 byte" has been set as object type, which can be used to set the position (percent values) that a connected blind shall be lowered or raised to. Options: 0-100, the value 0% means travel up completely, the value 100% means travel down completely.

Parameter "value for stats position down (%)"/"value for stats position up (%)"

This parameter can only be set if "1 byte" has been set as object type, which can be used to set the position (percent values) that a connected blind slat shall be opened or closed to. Options: 0~100, the value 0% means slat opened completely, the value 100% means closed completely.

3.12.4. SCENE

In "Input 1/2/3", when selecting "Scene" for "Function of input 1/2/3", the parameter window is seen as Figure 3.12.5: if this function is enabled, sending and saving the scene can be achieved.

1.1.1 Scene Ineriost	at		Ľ
General Settings Measurement Settings		Input 1	
Threshold value Logic logic 1	Function of input 1 Number of scene	Scene	~
Pushbutton Interface Input 1			
Input 2 Input 3	Storage function light scenes	enable	~
Input 4 Air Condition	Long operation after	3	\$
		Cancel Default In	o <u>H</u> elp

Figure 3.12.5 parameter window "Scene"

Parameter "Number of scene"

Options: 1-64

Here "Number of scene" can be set, and its range: 1~64; when the switch is operated, via 1 byte communication object "Input x, scene" send telegram value. The setting scene number 1-64 corresponding to the telegram value 0-63.

Parameter "storage function light scenes"

Options: enable

disable

Here is to set whether to enable scene saving. If select "enable", long press the switch will save the scene, short press the switch will recall scene, the calling and saving of the scene are controlled by the same 1byte communication object.

Parameter "Long operation after (Entry*0.1s)"

Options: 3-250

Scene save function is enabled, this parameter can be seen, here to set the time of the detection long press the switch.

3.12.5. EXTERNAL TEMPERATURE SENSOR FOR RTC

Parameter window "Input 4" is seen as Figure 3.12.6, Temperature sensor inputs can be connected an external NTC thermistor, as an external temperature sensor of thermostat panel, or as a temperature limiter of underfloor heating, to stop heating when the heating temperature is higher than the limit.

General Settings Measurement Settings	Input 4		
Messurement Settings Threshold value Logic Pushbutton Interface Input 1 Input 2 Input 3 Input 3 Air Condition	Function of input 4 Resistor of external temperature sensor B value of external temperature sensor	external temperature sensor for RTC 100K 3275	> > >
		Cancel Default Info	Help

Figure 3.12.6 parameter window "Input 4"





Parameter "Function of input 4"

Options: No function

external temperature sensor for RTC temperature limiter(underfloor heating)

If temperature sensor inputs is used as an external temperature sensor of thermostat panel, it should be connected an external NTC thermistor, but also selects "external sensor" or "internal sensor and external sensor" for "Temperature sensor "in "Measurement Settings".

Note: if temperature sensor input is used as an external temperature sensor, the communication object of external temperature on the bus into the external temperature is invalid.

Parameter "Resistor of external temperature sensor"

Options:	1K
	5K

200K

This parameter sets the resistance value of the external temperature sensor thermistor.

Parameter "B value of external temperature sensor"

Options:	3275 3380	
	 4200	

This parameter sets the B value of the external temperature sensor thermistor. When a temperature sensor input is used as underfloor heating temperature limiter, you need to connect an NTC thermistor and put the thermistor into the floor inside. In "Measurement Settings", it doesn't matter whether to select "external sensor" or "internal sensor and external sensor" for "Temperature sensor". Communication objects--62-Floor temperature, is used to send the current floor temperature. Floor temperature sending variation refers to parameter "Send temperature at variation of [°C]", the floor temperature".

The following parameter is visible if selecting "temperature limiter (underfloor heating)" in the "Function of input 4".

Parameter "Limit temperature in 1Celsius"

Options: 1-50

This parameter sets the limit temperature of sensor inputs.

Parameter "Negative hysteresis temperature in 0.1 Celsius"

Options: 5-50

This parameter sets the hysteresis of temperature limit.

Parameter "Acting on"

Options: basic heating

additional heating

This parameter defines the temperature control function of temperature limiter. For example, if selecting "basic heating", the thermistor temperature of temperature sensor is higher than the limit temperature, the basic heating stop heating, the control value is 0. If selecting "basic heating", the thermistor temperature of temperature sensor is lower than the limit temperature, the basic heating restarts. Additional heating has a similar situation. Note that the temperature limiter's influence on the set temperature, the heating temperature will not reach the set temperature higher than the limit.

3.13. PARAMETER WINDOW "AIR CONDITION"

These parameters is used to set the air conditioning control. There are two object types: 1bit or 1byte. If 1bit type is selected, control commands are sent by 1bit objects, and different objects corresponds to a different commands. If 1byte type is selected, control command sent by 1byte object, different 1 byte value corresponds to a different commands. These control commands similar to the air-conditioning on the remote control commands, Users can learn the air conditioner remote control commands to the infrared transmitter module, configure the Thermostat with corresponding parameters, and then users can send through these commands by operating the Thermostat to control the infrared transmitter module. Under this setting, the 4 room temperature modes invalid and can not be switched, only display comfort mode. The "Set Key" is only used to switch heating and cooling.

General Settings Measurement Settings	1	sir Condition	
Fhreshold value	Setpoint	25	
Pushbutton Interface Air Condition	Send setpoint	on change	
	Object type for controlling air condition	1 byte	
	Command for air condition on	1	
	Command for air condition off	2	
	Command for heating mode	3	
	Command for cooling mode	4	
	Command for fan speed high	5	
	Command for fan speed medium	6	20
	Command for fan speed low	7	
	Command for fan speed auto/stop	8	
	Command for setpoint 16 Celsius for cooling	9	

Figure 3.13 parameter window "Air Condition"

Parameter "Setpoint"

Options: 16-32

This option is to set the setpoint temperature the air-conditioner. It is used to achieve thermostatic control.

Parameter "Send setpoint"

Opt

tions:	Do not send
	on change
	cyclically
	on change and cyclically

This option is set to send the way of the set temperature; "do not send" means do not send commands, "on change" means that there is a change on the sending, "cyclically" means cyclically Send, "on change and cyclically" means that, both change and sending, as well as cyclically sending.

Parameter "Period of sending setpoint"

Options:	5-64 10s
	 2h

This option sets the time period of cyclically send, the parameter "Send setpoint" is visible when selecting the "cyclically" or "on change and cyclically".

Parameter "Object type for controlling air condition"

Options:	1bit
	1byte

This option is set to format of sending command; "1bit" means that using different 1bit communication objects to control different commands, the specific information can be seen in the description of 64-83 communication objects. The following parameters setting value 1-64 corresponding to the telegram value 0-63.

Parameter "Command for air condition on"

Parameter "Command for air condition off"

Options: 1-64

These two parameters are to set the command value of air-conditioner ON/OFF. When parameter "Object type for controlling air condition" is selected "1byte", it is visible.





Parameter "Command for heating mode"

Parameter "Command for air cooling mode"

Options: 1-64

These two parameters are to set the command value of switching between heating and cooling mode. When parameter "Object type for controlling air condition" is selected "1byte", it is visible.

Parameter "Command for fan speed high"

Parameter "Command for fan speed medium"

Parameter "Command for fan speed low"

Parameter "Command for fan speed auto/stop"

Options: 1-64

These parameters are used to set the command value of switching speed velocity. When parameter "Object type for controlling air condition" is selected "1byte", it is visible.

Parameter "Command for setpoint 16-31Celsius"

Options: 1-64

These parameters are to adjust the command value of set temperature. When parameter "Object type for controlling air condition" is selected "1byte", it is visible.

AUTO ON TIME

Parameter "Hour"

Options: 0-23

Parameter "Minute"

Options: 0-59

This parameter is to set the ON time of air conditioner. Long Press the timer button to modify the timing value, and its timing number is 1.

The function is valid only when the timing function is enabled by a short operation of timing icon.

AUTO OFF TIME

Parameter "Hour"

Options: 0-23

Parameter "Minute"

Options: 0-59

This parameter is to set the OFF time of air conditioner. Long Press the timer button to modify the timing value, and its timing number is 2.

The function is valid only when the timing function is enabled by a short operation of timing icon.

4. COMMUNICATION OBJECT DESCRIPTION

Communication objects are media for devices on the bus to communicate with other devices, and only through communication objects can carry out bus communication; the following is detailed description of each function of the thermostat panel's communication objects.

Note: "C" means enabling communication functions; "W" means the value of communication objects can be modified through the bus; "R" means the value of communication objects can be read through the bus; "T" means the communication object has a transmission function; "U" means the value of the communication objects can be updated.

4.1. "GENERAL SETTING" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

r Na	ane	Object Function	Description Group A	ddresses Length	CRWTU	Data Type	Priorit
	operation	General		1 bit	с т -	1 bit DPT_Switch	Los
	y/night nod			1 bit	c T -	1 bit IPT_Switch	Low
Ba	uy/night mod	le Dey/night switch		1 bit	C R W	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
		Figure	e 4.1 "General"	Communica	ation Obj	ect	
	No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT	
	0	In operation	General	1Bit	C,T	1.001 DPT_S	witch
	the th opera	communication obje nermostat panel is ir ation ' object" select: iled if selecting "do r	n normal operati s "end value '0' c	on. It is enab yclically" or "	led when 'send valu	the parameter "Ser e '1' cyclically"; but	nd'in titis

1	Day/night mode	General	1Bit	C,R, W,T	1.001 DPT_Switch
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This communication object is used to receive telegram value from the bus to switch the backlight brightness of backlit screen.

Received telegram values:

8108 프레이 프레이

1——the backlight brightness of backlit screen in daytime

0——the backlight brightness of backlit screen at night.

4.2. "HEATING/COOLING CONTROL "COMMUNICATION OBJECT

unber	Nane		Object Function	Des Gro	up Ad Length		R V		U	Bata Type	Priorit
2	Input external Actual temper		Temperature Temperature		2 Byte 2 Byte		R 7 R -	T	2	2 byte float value DPT_Value_Temp 2 byte float value DPT Value_Temp	Low
4	rel. humidity	ature	Humidity		2 Syte 2 Syte		к - к -		2	2 byte float value DFI_Value_lemp	Low
15		a forcing object	Setpoint temperature		1 Byte	c	RY	0	- C		Low
46	Vindows statu		Setpoint temperature		1 bit	с	R W	100		1 bit DFT_Switch	Low
17	Frezence obje-		Setpoint temperature		1 bit		RW			1 bit DFT_Switch	Low
8	Active comfor		Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	RW			1 bit DFT_Switch	Low
19 110	Active standby		Setpoint temperature		1 bit 1 bit	c	R W	1.00		1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
11	Active night a	node heat protection mode	Setpoint temperature Setpoint temperature		1 bit		RY	0.1		1 bit DFT_Switch 1 bit DFT_Switch	Low
13	Heating/coolin		Temperature control		1 bit	c	R -	T		1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
114		temperature (at heating)			2 Byte		R R	-	21	2 byte float value DPT_Value_Temp	Low
15	Meating setpo:		Setpoint temperature		2 Byte	c	E Z	Т		2 byte float value DPT_Value_Temp	Low
16	Cooling setpo:		Setpoint temperature		2 Byte	с	RY	т	-	2 byte float value DPT_Value_Temp	Low
17	Output HVAC s	tatus	Temperature control		1 Byte		R -	T	-		Low
18	Output BHCC s		Temperature control		2 Byte	С	Ř –	Т	1		Low
19	Basic heating		Temperature control		1 Byte	С	R -	т	-	8 bit unsigned value DPT_Scaling	Low
20 21	Basic cooling		Temperature control		1 Byte		R -	T T	-	8 bit unsigned value DPT_Scaling	Low
21	Automatic fan Fan manual st		Temperature control Temperature control		1 bit 1 Byte	c c		T	8	1 bit DPT_Switch 8 bit unsigned value DPT Scaling	Low
23	Lock temperate		Temperature control		1 bit		E T			1 bit DPT Switch	Low
24	Additional he	ating control value	Temperature control		1 Byte		R -	т	-	8 bit unsigned value DPT Scaling	Low
25		oling control value	Temperature control		1 Byte		R -	T	-	8 bit unsigned value DPT Scaling	Low
	Lock addition	al stage	Temperature control		1 bit	с	R W		-	1 bit DFT_Switch	Low
12	Temperature of	perating mode switchover	Setpoint temperature		1 Byte	с	R¥	-	-	-	Low
84	outdoor tempe	ratura	Temperature		2 Byte	c	B T		-	2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp	Low
185	Heating stand		Setpoint temperature		2 Dyte 2 Dyte		BB			2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp 2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp	Low
86	Heating stand		Setpoint temperature		2 Dyte		R R			2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp 2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp	Low
87	Setpoint from		Setpoint temperature		2 Dyte 2 Dyte	c	R T		-	2 byte float value DT_Value_Temp	Low
88	Cooling confo	rt setpoint	Setpoint temperature		2 Byte	с	R W		-	2 byte float value DPT_Value_Temp	Low
89	Cooling stand	by setpoint	Setpoint temperature		2 Byte	С	R T	-	-	2 byte float value DPT_Value_Temp	Low
90	Cooling night		Setpoint temperature		2 Byte	с	R R		-	2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp	Low
91	Setpoint heat	protection	Setpoint temperature		2 Byte	С	R W	-	-	2 byte float value DPT_Value_Temp	Low
		Figure	4.2 Temper	ature co	ntrol com	mι	inic	ati	on	object	
	No.	Object nam	e Func	tions	Data type	2	Fla	as		DPT	
	2	Input extern	al	erature	2 byte		C, F	0		9.001 DPT_Value_Te	mn
	2	temperatur	e	latare	2 byte		0,1	.,		7.001 D1 1_4000C_10	
		communication s on the bus.	object is for	receiving	temperatu	ure	the	ext	err	nal temperature senso	or
	3	Actual temperatur	e Tempe	erature	2 byte		C,F	R,T		9.001 DPT_Value_Te	emp
	therr Wher	nostat panel se n there is an ext	nsor, to the b ternal temper	us; the ti ature se	ansmissio nsor, the ol	n ti bjec	me ct is	is s us	et ed	re that is detected by t via parameter settings to send the proportion re by external sensor.	Б.
	4	rel. humidit	y Hum	nidity	2 byte		C,F	R,T		9.007 DPT_Value_Hur	midity
										at is detected by the via parameter settings	5.
	5	Operating mo forced object		ooint erature	1 byte		C,F	R,W		20.102 DPT_HVACM	ode
	highe (com prote	est priority. Diffe fortable), 1: con ection, 5~255: Re	erent telegrar nfort mode, 2 eserved, do n	ns mean : Standb ot use. F	different o y mode, 3: or example	per Nig e, w	atir ht N	ng r Moc i an	noo le, - i ob	mode, and has the les, as follows: 0: Auto 4: Frozen protection /h ject receives a telegra e standby mode settin	neat m





No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT
6	Window status	Setpoint temperature	1 bit	C, R,W	1.019 DPT_Window_Door
	communication obje			w contact	
R	eceive telegram "1" eceive telegram "0"	- the windows op - the windows clo	ien osed		
7	Actual temperature	Temperature	1 bit	C, R, W	1.001 DPT_Switch
	communication obje				
	eceive telegram "1" - eceive telegram "0" -				
8	rel. humidity	Humidity	1 bit	C, R, W	1.001 DPT_Switch
and i		mfort mode. Rec	eiving telegr		ating mode is "1bit", l activate comfort mode;
R	eceive telegram "1"- eceive telegram "0"-	activate comf	ort mode		
9	Operating mode forced object	Setpoint temperature	1 bit	C,R,W	1.001 DPT_Switch
and i: recei F		andby mode. Rec Il not activate sta activate stan	eiving telegr ndby mode. dby mode	am "1"will	ating mode is "1bit", Lactivate standby mode;
10	Active night mode	Setpoint temperature	1 bit	C,R,W	1.001 DPT_Switch
and i eleg F		ght mode. Receiv /ate night mode. activate night	ing telegram t mode		ating mode is "1bit", tivate night mode; receiving
11	Active frost/heat protection mode	Setpoint temperature	1 bit	C,R,W	1.001 DPT_Switch
	Receive telegram "1" Receive telegram "0" Temperature operating mode switchover				
and i: as fol 4: Fro an ob co the Comi :he o	s used to switch to F llows: 0: Auto (comfo ozen protection /hea oject receives a teleg e standby mode setti munication object of	RTC mode. Differe ortable), 1: comfo t protection, 5~25 ram "2", the ther ng. operating mode rding to the prior	ent telegram rt mode, 2: 5 55: Reserved mostat pane switching ha ity of a comm	s mean di Standby m , do not us el will cont as priority; nunication	se. For example, when rol the actuator according thermostat panel activates object of operating mode.
13	Heating/cooling switchover	Temperature control	1bit	C,R,W	1.100 DPT_Heat/Cool
activa Fi	communication object ate heating; receiving Receiving telegram "	g telegram "0" wi 1" heating			eiving telegram "1"will
F	Receiving telegram " Basic comfort	J" cooling			
14	temperature (at heating)	Setpoint temperature	2byte	C,R,W	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
and a T f the	ifter the change, a n elegram: 050 °C first page paramete	ew value will be s er "Temperature o	saved when t	he bus is m" selects	rature in comfort mode, powered off. s "heating and cooling", lue of heating; the comfort
emp	erature value of coo	ling, is determine ation is seen in 4	ed by the cor	nfort temp er betwee	perature value of dead zone n heating and cooling".
15	Heating setpoint	Setpoint temperature	2 byte	C,R, W,T	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
on th objec he re hight	e bus, sending way d t is used to modify th elative adjustment of	epends on the pa le heating setpoin setpoint tempera at protection mod	rameter "se at of the curre ature, the set	nd setpoin ent operati point temp	the current operating mode t [*] in 4.4. The communication ing mode. Note that due to berature in standby mode, d to the maximum setpoint
16	Cooling setpoint	Setpoint temperature	2 byte	C,R, W,T	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
on th objec the re night	e bus, sending way d t is used to modify th elative adjustment of	t is used to send epends on the pa le cooling setpoin setpoint tempera at protection mod	rameter "se t of the curre ature, the set	etpoint of 1 nd setpoin ent operati point temp	the current operating mode trin 4.4. The communication ng mode. Note that due to perature in standby mode, d to the minimum setpoint

					DDT
No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT
17	Output HVAC status	Temperature control	1 byte	C, R,T	DPT_HVACStatus
0 se		of cyclically sendir			rature control, updated even eter "Period of sending HVAC
Bi Bi Bi Bi Bi	it0: flag of enabling it1: flag of enabling it2: flag of enabling it3: flag of enabling it4: flag of disable te it5: flag of deat zone current tempera it7: flag of frost alar	comfort mode standby mode night mode frost / heat protec mperature contro ooling e Select both heat ture is in the dead	ol ing and cool d zone, set 1 al temperatu	, otherwis ire is belov	ble 0disable ble 0disable ble 0disable ble 0enabled ng 1—heating. I functions, and when the e set 0. w 5 °C, set 1, otherwise set 0
18	Output RHCC status	Temperature control	2 byte	С, R, Т	22.101 DPT_StatusRHCC
Rł	HCC Status Report	Bit no: 0: err 8: hea	ating or cooli	ing, "O" co	oling, "1" heating
		13: fro	st alarm, "1	" alarm, "(
	ver-heat: the curren elow 15 °C				alarm, "0": normal ng: the current temperature
9/ 20/ 24/ 25	Basic/ heating/ cooling control value Additional heating/cooling control value	Temperature control	1bit 1byte	C, R, T	1.001 DPT_Switch 5.001 DPT_Scaling
	Send telegrams (tw Send telegrams (tw Send telegrams (co Send telegrams (so Send telegrams (so Send telegrams (fa	vo position contro ontinuous PI contro witching PI contro witching PI contro	l ——1byte): rol): 0100% l): on/off l): on/off	0%/100%	
his c Vhen FF''' end	', the telegram "1" - f the telegram "0" - f	iover fan between an automatic an manual	auto and m	anual" sel	1.001 DPT_Switch Ito and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF"
his c Vhen FF''' end end vhen end	fan manual communication obje parameter "Switch ', the telegram "1" - f the telegram "0" - f	ect is used to swite lover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between a an manual	ch over fan b auto and m	petween au anual" sel	ito and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/
his c Vhen FF ^{***} end end end 22 his c	fan manual communication obje parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "1" - f the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage	ct is used to swite lover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between a an manual an automatic Fan	ch over fan b auto and m auto and ma 1 byte	oetween au anual" sel nual" sele C,R,T	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF"
his c Vhen FF''' iend iend Vhen iend 22 his c vind s 23	fan manual communication obje parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "1" - f the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control	ct is used to switt loover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between i an manual an automatic Fan ct is used to sence Temperature control	ch over fan b auto and m 1 byte 1 bit	etween au anual" sel nual" sele C,R,T value of fa	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch
his c Vhen DFF ^{***} eend eend Vhen eend 22 his c his c nabl elegr oolir pdat R R lote:	fan manual communication obje parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control value" stat te basic heating/coo ram "1", the object " ng control value" stat te control value istat teceive telegram "1" teceive telegram "0" c Stop control telegr	ct is used to switt lover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan to is used to sence Temperature control tot is used to disal ling control and a Basic heating/coo p sending control nediately. - disable temper a enable temper ams is not restric regated, stop con	ch over fan b auto and m auto and ma 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit ble/enable te dditional he oling control t elegrams; ature contro ture contro ture contro	nual" selev C,R,T value of fa C,R,W emperatur ating/cooli value" an when reco l l ninimum a	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch e control, including disable/ ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating, eiving telegram "0", they nd maximum control value,
his c Vhen DFF ^{***} eend Vhen dend 22 his c vind 23 his c vind 23 his c vind 23 kis c vind 24 kis c vind 23 kis c vind 24 kis c vind 23 kis c vind 24 kis c vind 24 kis c vind 24 kis c vind 24 kis c vind 25 kis c vind vind vind vind vind vind vind vind	fan manual communication obje parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control communication obje te basic heating/coo ram "1", the object " ng control value" ist te control value" ist teceive telegram "1" teceive telegram "0"	ct is used to switt loover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan ct is used to sence Temperature control ting control and a Basic heating/co p sending control nediately. - disable temper a enable temper	ch over fan b auto and m auto and ma 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit ble/enable te dditional he oling control t elegrams; ature contro ture contro ture contro	nual" selev C,R,T value of fa C,R,W emperatur ating/cooli value" an when reco l l ninimum a	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch e control, including disable/ ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating, eiving telegram "0", they nd maximum control value,
his c Vhen iend iend 22 his c vind s 23 his c nabl elegr pdat R R R Vhen 26 the 26 the 26	fan manual communication obje p parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f p parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control communication obje te basic heating/coo te control value isto te control value isto te control value isto te control value isto te control value are in "Cstop control telegr control values are in Lock additional stage communication obje sommunication obje control values are in Lock additional stage	ct is used to switt lover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan ct is used to sence Temperature control ct is used to disal ling control and a Basic heating/co- pp sending control rediately. - disable temper- enable temper- enable temper- enable temper- mers is not restrict regated, stop con Temperature control ct is used to disal "1", the object "a grams; when rece	ch over fan b auto and m 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit 1 bit 0le/enable t dditional he bling control 1 telegrams; ature contro ature contro ted by the n trol telegram 1 bit 0le or enable dditional he iving telegra	nual" selev c,R,T value of fa C,R,W emperatur ating/cooli value" of fa c,R,W c,R,W c,R,W cooli c	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic DN/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch in dobject "additional heating/ giving telegram "0", they and maximum control value, pated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch at heating/cooling control. ling control value" ppdates control value
his c Vhen DFF ^{***} vhend eend Vhen vhend 22 his c nabl elegr oolir pdat R R R the 23 vhis c nabl elegr oolir pdat colir the colir R R R dote: the colir the	fan manual communication obje parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control control value" stat te control value" stat te control value" stat te control value" stat te control value imm "1", the object " g control value" stat te control value stat stage stat stage stat te control value stat te c	ct is used to switt loover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan et is used to sence Temperature control ting control and a Basic heating/com p sending control and is not restric tegated, stop com Temperature control respile temperative ams is not restric tegated, stop com Temperature control agrams; when rece - disable addition a enable addition a enable addition	ch over fan t auto and m auto and m 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit bele/enable te dditional he boling control t elegrams; ature contro ture contro ture contro ture telegram 1 bit ble or enable dditional he siving telegra al heating / o ted by the m	nual" selevi C,R,T value of fa C,R,W c,R,W comperatur ating/cooli value" an when reco col continum a ans are neg C,R,W e additiona ating / coo am "0", it to cooling co cooling co cooling cor	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch ing control, including disable/ ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating/ aving telegram "0", they ind maximum control value, ated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch at heating/cooling control. ling control value" updates control value introl value introl value and maximum control value,
his c //hen IFF ^{***} end end 22 his c 23 his c nabl elegr 23 his c nabl elegr 23 his c nabl elegr 23 his c nabl elegr 26 his c the R the R the C the S th S th	fan manual communication obje p parameter "Switch the telegram "1" - f the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control communication obje te basic heating/coo ram "1", the object " g control value" sta te control value imm teceive telegram "0" control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje receiving telegram seceing control telegram control values are r Lock additional stage	ct is used to switt loover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan et is used to sence Temperature control ting control and a Basic heating/com p sending control and is not restric tegated, stop com Temperature control respile temperative ams is not restric tegated, stop com Temperature control agrams; when rece - disable addition a enable addition a enable addition	ch over fan b auto and m auto and ma 1 byte 1 bit bit bie/enable te dditional he bling control 1 telegrams; ature contro ature contro a	C,R,T value of fa C,R,T value of fa C,R,W emperatur ating/cool value" an when reco at c,R,W e additiona ating / coo am "0", it u cooling cor cooling cor cooling cor cooling cor	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch in control, including disable/ ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating/ eiving telegram "0", they and maximum control value, lated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch al heating/cooling control. ling control value" updates control value introl value introl value ind maximum control value, jated, too.
his c When DFF ^{***} eend eend 22 his c vind 3 23 his c his c vind 3 23 his c his c vind 3 23 his c his c vind 3 23 his c c his c vind 4 22 his c vind 4 22 his c vind 3 23 his c his c vind 4 22 his c vind 4 24 his c vind 4 24 his c vind 4 26 his c vind 4 his c vind 4	fan manual communication obje p parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f p parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control communication obje te basic heating/coo te control value imm ecceive telegram "1" ecceive telegram "0" Stop control telegr control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje states and the telegram "Control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje serving telegram "0" s Stop control telegr control values are r Lock additional stage control values are r Control values are r Outdoor temperature	ct is used to switt lover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan to is used to sence Temperature control ti s used to disal ling control and a Basic heating/co- pp sending control rediately. - disable temper- enable tempera- ams is not restrict negated, stop con Temperature control tct is used to disal "1", the object "a grams; when rece - disable addition enable addition enable addition segated, stop con Setpoint temperature	ch over fan t auto and ma 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit 1 bit 0le/enable t dditional he biling control 1 telegrams; ature contro tature contro ta	c,R,W cooling cor cooling cor cooling cor cooling cor cooling cor cooling cor c,R,W	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch is control, including disable/ ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating/ eiving telegram "0", they ind maximum control value, tated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch il heating/cooling control. ling control value" updates control value ntrol value ntrol value ated, too. 9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
his c befret befrittend befritten	fan manual communication obje p parameter "Switch the telegram "1" - f the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "1" - f the telegram "1" - f the telegram "1" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control value state te control value state te control value state te control value state te control value state control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje r receiving telegram "1" eceive telegram "1" eceive telegram "1" eceive telegram "1" control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje r receiving telegram "3" s top control telegr control values are r Outdoor temperature communication obje erature" Selects "er	ct is used to switt iover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan iot is used to seno Temperature control it is used to disal ting control and a Basic heating/con po sending control aediately. - disable temper- enable tempera- enable tempera- ams is not restric tegated, stop con Temperature control tct is used to disal "1", the object "a grams; when reco - disable addition ams is not restric tegated, stop con Setpoint temperature ct would display of able", it is used to	ch over fan b auto and ma auto and ma 1 byte 1 be control 1 bit ble/enable te dditional he bling control 1 telegrams; ature contro ature contro atur	c,R,W c,	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch is control, including disable/ ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating/ eiving telegram "0", they ind maximum control value, tated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch il heating/cooling control. ling control value" updates control value ntrol value ntrol value ated, too. 9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
his c When JFF" end eend 22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23	fan manual communication obje parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control control value ison te basic heating/coo ram "1", the object " g control value ison te control value ison teceive telegram "1" ecceive telegram "0" control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje receiving telegram sending control telegra control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje receive telegram "1" cecive telegram "1" control values are r Outdoor temperature communication obje reature" Selects "er Heating standby setpoint	ct is used to switt loover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan et is used to sence Temperature control tig control and a Basic heating/cou- ps ending control and isable tempera- ediately. - disable tempera- ams is not restric regated, stop com Temperature control ti is used to disal "1", the object "a grams; when rece - disable addition - enable addition ams is not restric regated, stop com Setpoint temperature ect would display to able", it is used to Setpoint temperature	ch over fan b auto and m auto and m 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit 1 bit 2 b	c,R,W endeditiona and control of fa c,R,T value of fa c,R,W emperatur ating/cooli value" an when reco cool value" an when reco cool cooling coo cooling coo cooling cor cooling cooling cooling cor cooling coolin	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch re control, including disable/ ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating/ eiving telegram "0", they and maximum control value, jated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch il heating/cooling control. ling control value" updates control value introl value introl value ntrol value strol value ond maximum control value, jated, too. 9.001 DPT_Value_Temp ble display outdoor
Vhen DFF ^{III} Send Send Send 22 his c his c his c his c Vhen R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R S S S C his c C S S S C S S S C S S S S C S S S S S	fan manual communication obje p parameter "Switch 'the telegram "0" - f p parameter "Switch the telegram "0" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control communication obje te basic heating/coo te control value ism cecive telegram "1" eccive telegram "1" Eccive telegram "0" S top control telegr control values are r Lock additional stage communication obje sending control telegram receiving telegram "1" eccive telegram "1"	ct is used to switt lover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan to is used to sen Temperature control to is used to disal Basic heating/co- p sending control rediately. - disable temper- ams is not restric regated, stop con Temperature control to disable temper- ams is not restric regated, stop con Temperature control to disable addition ams is not restric regated, stop con Setpoint temperature ct would display to sused to modify	ch over fan b auto and ma 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit 1 bit 2 byte 1 heating / a 1 heating / a 2 byte 1 bit 2 byte 1 bit 2 byte 1 bit 1 bit 2 byte 1 bit 1 bit 2 byte 1 bit 1 bit	nual" selen nual" selen c,R,T value of fa C,R,W emperatur ating/cool value' an when reco l c,R,W e additiona ating / coo am "0", it u cooling co cooling cooling cooling co cooling cooling coolin	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating/ aving telegram "0", they ind maximum control value, ated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch at heating/cooling control. ling control value" updates control value introl value introl value ontrol value prol value introl value
Chis c Vhen DFF''' Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Vhen Send Send Vhen Send Send Vhen Send Send Vhen Send Send Send Vhen Send Send Send Send Vhen Send Send Send Send Send Send Send Se	fan manual communication obje p parameter "Switch the telegram "1" - f the telegram "0" - f parameter "Switch the telegram "1" - f the telegram "1" - f the telegram "1" - f Fan manual stage communication obje speed. Lock temperature control value sto te control value isto te control value are in Outdoor temperature communication obje olute adjustment", it Heating night setpoint	ct is used to switt iover fan between an automatic an manual over fan between an manual an automatic Fan et is used to sence Temperature control its used to disal ting control and a Basic heating/corol pp sending control ediately. - disable tempera- ams is not restric regated, stop con Temperature control ct is used to disal "1", the object "a grams; when rece - disable addition ams is not restric regated, stop con Setpoint temperature ct would display to solver, it is used to modify Setpoint temperature	ch over fan b auto and ma auto and ma 1 byte 1 the control 1 bit ble/enable te dditional he bling control 1 telegrams; ature contro ature contro atu	c,R,W endetr "Seter C,R,T value of fa C,R,W emperatur ating/cooli value" an when reco it to cooling cor cooling cooling co	uto and manual. ects "object 'Automatic ON/ cts "object 'Manual ON/OFF" 5.001 DPT_Scaling an manual, to change the 1.001 DPT_Switch ing control. When receiving d object "additional heating, eiving telegram "0", they ind maximum control value, tated, too. 1.001 DPT_Switch it heating/cooling control. ling control value" updates control value ntrol value introl value atted, too. 9.001 DPT_Value_Temp ble display outdoor berature from the bus. 9.001 DPT_Value_Temp oint adjustment" Selects

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No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT
87	Setpoint frost protection	Setpoint temperature	2byte	C, R, W	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
					ooint adjustment" Selects node temperature at heating.
88	Cooling comfort setpoint	Setpoint temperature	2 byte	C, R, W	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
This	communication obje	ct is used to mod	lify the comf	ort mode t	emperature at cooling.
89	Cooling standby setpoint	Setpoint temperature	2byte	C, R, W	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
					ooint adjustment" Selects nperature at cooling.
90	Cooling night setpoint	Setpoint temperature	2byte	C, R, W	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
	communication obje olute adjustment", it				ooint adjustment" Selects erature at cooling.
91	Setpoint heat protection	Setpoint temperature	2byte	C, R, W	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp

This communication object would display when parameter "Setpoint adjustment" Selects "absolute adjustment", it is used to modify the heat protection mode temperature at cooling.

4.3. "THRESHOLD VALUE" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

Number	Nane	Object Function	Dex	Group Ad	Length	С	R	¥	T	U	Data Type	Priority
27	Change temperature threshold value 1	Temperature thres			2 Byte	С	R	¥.	-	-	2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp	Low
28	1 bit output, temperature	Temperature thres			1 bit	С	R	-	T.	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
129	1 byte output, temperature	Temperature thres			1 Byte	С	R	-	T	-	8 bit unsigned value DFT_Value_1	Low
12 30	Temperature threshold value 1 block	Temperature thres			1 bit	С	R	Y	-	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
31	Change temperature threshold value 2	Temperature thres			2 Byte	С	R	¥	-	-	2 byte float value DFT_Value_Temp	Low
32	1 bit output, temperature	Temperature thres			1 bit	С	R	-	T	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
C 33	1 byte output, temperature	Temperature thres			1 Byte	С	R	-	T	-	8 bit unsigned value DFT_Value_1	Low
12 34	Temperature threshold value 2 block	Temperature thres			1 bit	С	R	Y	100	100	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
135	Change hunidity threshold value 1	Humidity threshol			2 Byte	С	R	¥.				Low
38	1 bit output, humidity	Hunidity threshol			1 bit	С	R		T.	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
137	1 byte output, humidity	Hunidity threshol			1 Byte	С	R	-	T	-	8 bit unsigned value DFT_Value_1	Low
138	Humidity threshold value 1 block	Hunidity threshol			1 bit	С	R	Y	-	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
12 39	Change hunidity threshold value 2	Humidity threshol			2 Byte	с	R	¥	-	1		Low
40	1 bit output, humidity	Humidity threshol			1 bit	с	R	-	τ	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
141	1 byte output, humidity	Humidity threshol			1 Byte	с	R	-	7	-	8 bit unsigned value DFT_Value_1	Low
E 42	Huwidity threshold value 2 block	Humidity threshol			1 bit	C.	R	Y	-	-	1 bit DPT Switch	Low

/ 2 Th

	Figure 4.3	Threshold valu	e communi	cation ob	ject
No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT
27/31	Chang temperature threshold value 1/2	Temperature threshold value 1/2	2byte	C, R, W	9.001 DPT_Value_Temp
	mmunication object am: 050 °C.	is used to chang	e the tempe	rature's h	igh threshold value.
28/32	1 bit output temperature	Temperature threshold value 1/2	2 byte	C, R, W	1.001 DPT_Switch
1bit tel		ia this object to tl	he bus, spec		r below the low threshold, ams can be set by the
29/33	1 bit output temperature	Temperature threshold value 1/2	2byte	C, R, W	5.010 DPT_Value_1_Ucount
1bit tel		ria this object to tl			r below the low threshold, ams can be set by the
30/34	Temperature threshold value 1/2 block	Temperature threshold value 1/2	2byte	C, R, W	1.001 DPT_Switch
thresh R	mmunication object old value. Disabled a deceive telegram "1" deceive telegram "0"	nd enabled action - disable the terr	ns can be se Iperature thr	t by the pareshold va	lue
35/39	Change humidity threshold value 1/2	Humidity threshold value 1/2	2byte	C, R, W	9.007 DPT_Value_Humidity
	mmunication object 0100%.	is used to chang	e the humid	ity's high t	hreshold value; telegram
36/40	1 bit output humidity	Humidity threshold value 1/2	2byte	C, R, W	1.001 DPT_Switch
1bit tel		ria this object to tl	he bus, spec		low the low threshold, ams can be set by the
37/41	1 byte output humidity	Humidity threshold value 1/2	2byte	C, R, W	5.010 DPT_Value_1_Ucount
1bit tel		ria this object to tl			low the low threshold, ams can be set by the
38/42	Humidity threshold value	Humidity threshold	2byte	C, R, W	1.001 DPT_Switch

1/2 block value 1/2 This communication object is used to disable or enable the function of the humidity threshold value. Disabled and enabled actions can be set by the parameter. Receive telegram "1" - disable the humidity threshold value Receive telegram "0" - enable the humidity threshold value

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4.4. "LOGIC" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

	she	Object	Function Des	Group Ad	Length (C R	8 T	U	Data Type	Priorit
0000	gic input A gic input B gic 1,1 bit out gic 1,1 byte ou gic 1 block gic 2,1 bit out gic 2,1 byte ou gic 2 block	tput Logic : Logic : put Logic : tput Logic : Logic : Logic :	nput	c comm	Ibit C Ibit C Ibit C Ibit C Ibit C Ibit C Ibit C Ibit C Ibit C	R R R R R R	s - - T - T - T s - obje	1000	<pre>1 bit DFT_Switch 1 bit DFT_Switch 1 bit DFT_Switch 8 bit unt_switch 8 bit unt_switch 1 bit DFT_Switch 1 bit DFT_Switch 8 bit unt_switch 1 bit DFT_Switch 1 bit DFT_Switch</pre>	Lon Lon Lon Lon Lon Lon Lon
	No.	Object name	Functio	ns D)ata type	9	Flag	IS	DPT	
	43	Logic input A	Logic in	out	1bit		C, R,	W	1.001 DPT_Swite	ch
	This co	mmunication obje	ct is used to	receive t	he value	of	logic	Inp	out A.	
	44	Logic input B	Logic in	out	1bit		C, R,	W	1.001 DPT_Swite	ch
	This co	mmunication obje	ct is used to	receive t	he value	of	logic	Inp	out B.	
	45/48	Logic 1/2, 1 bit output	Logic 1	/2	1bit		C, R	Т	1.001 DPT_Swite	ch
		he logical result is y parameter "1bit			is sent e	e th	roug	h th	is object; the telegran	n
	46/49	Logic 1/2, 1 byte output	Logic 1	/2	1byte		C, R	Т	5.010 DPT_Value_1_Ucc	unt
				elegram		e th	roug	h th	is object; the telegran	n
		y parameter "1byt	e telegram va	ilue" in 4	4.8.					
		y parameter "1byt Logic 1/2 block	e telegram va Logic 1		4.8. 1bit		C, R,	W	1.001 DPT_Swite	ch
	is set b 47/50 This co	/ /	Logic 1	/2 disable d	1bit or enable				-	ch

4.5. "TIMER PAGE 1/2" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

Tie		enperature timer	Object Fo Time Time		Jes Gra	oup Ad		С В И Т С - И -	U Data Type - Time DPT_T - 1 bit DPT_		Priorit Los Los
r Her 1 b	ne it value[0.		Object Fu Time 1 val		les Gro	op Ad	Length 1 bit	CRVT CT	U Data Type - 1 bit DFT_	Switch	Priorit; Low
1 Ъ	it value[0.		Time 2 val					с т	- 1 bit DFT_	Switch.	Low
			Figur	re 4.5 Ti	merco	omm	unicat	ion obj	ect		
	No.	Object name	е	Funct	ions	Dat	a type	Flags		DPT	
	51	Time		Tim	er	3	byte	C, R, W, T	10.00	1 DPT_Time0	fDay
		communication at as follow:	objec	t is used	to moo	dify th	ne LCD	screen	displaying	time by bus. T	he data
		Day	ŀ	lour	0		Min	uter	0	Seconds	
		NNN	UU	JUUU	rr		UUU	υυυ	rr	υυυυυυ	
		07 1=Monday									
		 7=Sunday 0=no day		23	0		0	.59	0	059	
	52	Disable roor temperature ti		Tim	er	1	bit	C, W	1.0	01 DPT_Swite	h
	This	communication	objec	t is used	to disa	ible o	r enab	le the Ti	mer functi	on.	
		eceive telegram eceive telegram									
	92/ / 107	1bit value// 4 value	byte	Time X (X=1.			it// oyte	C, T	2.002 DP 3.007 DP 5.010 DP 8.001 DP 7.001 DP	T_Switch T_Bool_Contr T_Control_Dir T_Value_1_U(T_Value_2_Co T_Value_2_U(PT_Value_4_U	mming Count Junt Count
	value	the timer time s to the bus, the stion at regular	user	can sele	ect the	appro	opriate	data typ	e and valu	e in the paran	



4.6. "PUSHBUTTON INTERFACE" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

4.6.1. "SWITCH" COMMUNICATION OBJECT Object Func CH A Switch CH A switch CH A Disable Figure 4.6.1. "Switch" Communication Object No. Object name Functions Data type Flags DPT 53/ Switch 1, 1.001 DPT Switch CH A Switch C. W. T 1bit 56/59 input 1/2/3 When CH A "Switch" is enabled, this communication object is visible, through short push, according to the parameters settings, performs the corresponding actions, e.g. ON, OFF, TOGGLE, etc. When the telegram is "1"--- ON; When the telegram is "0"--- OFF. 54/ Switch 2, CH A Switch-1bit C, T 1.001 DPT Switch input 1/2/3 long 57/60 When CH A "Switch" is enabled, this communication object is visible, through long push, according to the parameters settings, performs the corresponding actions, e.g. ON, OFF, TOGGLE, etc. When the telegram is "1"--- ON; When the telegram is "0"--- OFF. 55/ Disable CH A Disable 1bit C, W 1.001 DPT Switch 58/61 input 1/2/3

When the channel function is enabled, the communication object is activated, which is used to disable / enable channel function. When this communication object receives a logic value of "0", the channel function is enabled; receives "1", disabled. When the channel function is disabled, control telegrams sent by all objects are invalid. When the bus power is restored, channel function is enabled by default. (If all communications objects with channel function are "Disable", the operations performed are the same).

4.6.2. "DIMMING" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

84	4	Object Fu	action Des Group #	d Length C 1	N T U	Data Type	Priority
	tch eing able input 1	CH & Swite CH & Disab CH & Disab	D.C	1 bit C - 4 bit C - 1 bit C -	Y T - - T - Y	1 bit DFT_Switch 3 bit controlled DFT_Control_Din 1 bit DFT_Switch	Low Low Low
		Figure 4.	6.2. "Dimming"	Communic	ation Obj	ect	
	No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT	
	53/ 56/59	Switch	CH A Switch	1bit	C, W, T	1.001 DPT_Swit	ch
	Whon (CH A "Switch" is ena	In the state of the second second	and a set of a set of the	a at i a viai	وربية فيروحا والمربون ومرافر والبا	
	accord		rs settings, perfor	ms the corr	espondin	g actions, e.g. ON, OF	
	accord	ing to the paramete	rs settings, perfor	ms the corr	espondin	g actions, e.g. ON, OF	F,
	accord TOGGL 54/ 57/60 The cor can cor	ing to the paramete E, etc. When the tel Switch 2, input 1/2/3 mmunication object	rs settings, perfor egram is "1" 0 CH A Switch- long via contact input, evice on the bus, o	rms the corr N; When the 4bit send bright conduct rela	espondin telegran C, T en or dar tive dimn	g actions, e.g. ON, OF n is "0" OFF. 3.007 DPT_Contr	F,

4.6.3. "SHUTTER" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

Ont	e put shutter U put Stop/lame; able input 1			Ad Length C 1 bit C 1 bit C 1 bit C 1 bit C	Data Type 1 bit DT_UpDown 1 bit DT_Switch	Priority Low Low Low					
	Figure 4.6.3 "shutter" communication object										
	No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT					
	53/ 56/59	Output shutter UP/DOWN	CH A/B/C Blind	1bit/ 1byte	С, Т	1.008 DPT_UpDo 5.001 DPT_Scali					
	The co blinds the cor	The communication object, by sending commands to the bus, moves up / down curtains. The communication object can send 1bit or 1bytecommands, by "Function of switchover blinds / roller shutter" choose curtain type, by "Object type" select the telegram type. When the communication object is "1bit", send "1" to move downward; send "0" to move upward. When the telegram is "1 byte", telegrams are sent based on the value set by the user.									
	54/ 57/60	Stop/lamella adj	CH A/B/C Blind	1bit/ 1byte	C, T	1.007 DPT_Ste 5.001 DPT_Scali					
	The communication objects, by sending commands to the bus, stop/adjust curtains. The communication object can send 1bit or 1bytecommands, by "Function of switchover blinds / roller shutter" choose curtain type, by "Object type" select the telegram type. When the communication object is "1bit", send "1" to stop or move downward; send "0" to stop or move upward. When the telegram is "1 byte", telegrams are sent based on the value set by the user.										
	55/ 58/61	Disable input 1/2/3	CH A/B/C Disable	1bit	C, W	1.001 DPT_Swite	ch				
	As abo	VP									

As above.

4.6.4 "SCENE" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

	4.0.4.	"SCENE" COM	MUNICATIO	NOBJEC						
[]53 In	ane put 1, Scene	Object Fo Scene num		Ad Length C 1 Byte C -	R W T U	Data Type	Priority Low			
₫55 Di	sable input 1	CH A Dise		1 bit C -	x	1 bit DFT_Switch	Low			
		Figure 4.6.4 "scene" communication object								
	No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT				
	53/ 56/59	Input 1/2/3, Scene	Scene number	1byte	C, T	18.001 DPT_SceneCo				
This object sends a scene number by operating the switch, short press to call the and long press to save the current scene. The "scene number" is set in parameter "Number of scene".										
Set an 8bit instruction(binary coded): FXNNNNNN F: "0" call the scene; "1"save the scene; X: Undecided, no application; NNNNNN: scene number (063).										
	In parameter "Number of scene", scene number is 1-64, and the communication object "Number of light scene" sends scene number 0-63. E.g. in parameter "Number of scene", scene number is 1, and the communication object "Number of light scene" sends scene number 0.									
	55/ 58/61	Disable input 1/2/3	CH A/B/C Disable	1bit C, W		1.001 DPT_Switch				
	As above.									
	4.6.5. "TEMPERATURE LIMITER (UNDERFLOOR HEATING)" COMMUNICATION OBJECT									
	ane oor temperatur:	Object Fu e CH D Temp		Ad Length C 2 Byte C 1	R Y T U R - T -	Data Type 2 byte float value DPT_Value_Tem	Priorit np Low			
		Figur	e 4.6.5 NTC con	nmunicatio	n object					
	No.	Object name	Functions	Data type	Flags	DPT				
	54	Floor temperature	External temperature	2byte	С, Т	9.001 DPT_Value	e_Temp			

This communication object is used to send the current floor temperature. Floor temperature sending variation refers to parameter "Send temperature at variation of (°C)", the floor temperature cyclically sending refers to parameter "period of sending temperature"

4.7. "AIR CONDITION" COMMUNICATION OBJECT

sensor

Nunber	Hune	Object Function	Bes Group Ad	Length	С	R	¥	1	U	Data Type	Priority
1 463	IR command number	Temperature control		1 Byte	С	-	-	T	-		Low
Hunber	Sane	Object Function	Des Group Ad	Length	C	R	Y	T	U	Bata Type	Priorit
1 264	Air condition on/off	Temperature control		1 bit	С	-	-	Т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
C 65	Mode heating/cooling	Temperature control		1 bit	С	-	-	Т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
66	Switch to high/medium speed	Temperature control		1 bit	С	-	-	т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
67	Switch to low/auto speed	Temperature control		1 bit	С	-	-	т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
1 2168	setpoint for heating 16/17	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	Т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
12 69	setpoint for heating 18/19	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	10	т	100	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
70	setpoint for heating 20/21	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-		т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
171	setpoint for heating 22/23	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
12 72	setpoint for heating 24/25	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	Т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
3 73	setpoint for heating 26/27	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	1	т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
174	setpoint for heating 28/29	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	τ	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
175	setpoint for heating 30/31	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	Т		1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
1 78	setpoint for cooling 16/17	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С			Т		1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
277	setpoint for cooling 18/19	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-		т	100	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
178	setpoint for cooling 20/21	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
179	setpoint for cooling 22/23	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	Т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
1 2 80	setpoint for cooling 24/25	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	Т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
181	setpoint for cooling 26/27	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
182	setpoint for cooling 28/29	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	τ	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low
# 83	setpoint for cooling 30/31	Setpoint temperature		1 bit	С	-	-	Т	-	1 bit DPT_Switch	Low

Figure 4.7 air condition communication object

No. Object	_			
NO. Object	name Func	tions Data typ	e Flags	DPT
63 IR com num		trol 1byte	С, Т	17.001 DPT_ SceneNumber

In the first parameter "Control device" selects "air condition", and selecting "1byte" in "Object type for controlling air condition", this communication object can be seen. This communication object is scene number for sending the appropriate command value. If "command for air condition on" is set as "1", when the thermostat panel is ON, it will send "1" on the bus.

64	Air condition on/off	Temperature control	1 bit	C, T	1.001 DPT_Switch				
In "Air condition", the object is visible when selecting "1 bit" in "Object type for controlling air condition". When the thermostat panel is ON, sending "1", when OFF, sending "0".									
65	Mode heating/ cooling	Temperature control	1 bit	C, T	1.001 DPT_Switch				
	In "Air condition", the object is visible when selecting "1 bit" in "Object type for controlling air condition". When heating, sending "1"; when "cooling", sending "0".								
66	Switch to high/ medium speed	Temperature control	1 bit	C, T	1.001 DPT_Switch				
air cor	In "Air condition", the object is visible when selecting "1 bit" in "Object type for controlling air condition". When the wind speed is high, sending "1"; when the speed is medium, it will send "0".								
67	Switch to low/auto speed	Temperature control	1 bit	C, T	1.001 DPT_Switch				
In "Air condition", the object is visible when selecting "1 bit" in "Object type for controlling air condition". When the wind speed is low, sending "1"; when the speed is automatic, it will send "0".									
68 83	setpoint for cooling A/B	Setpoint temperature	1 bit	C, T	1.001 DPT_Switch				

In "Air condition", the object is visible when selecting "1 bit" in "Object type for controlling air condition". When the temperature is set as "A", "1" will be sent; when the set temperature is "B". "0" will be sent.

